Biodiversity and Efffect of humans on Ecosystem MS

QUESTION 1

QUESTION	ANSWER	EXTRA INFORMATION	MARKS
a)	Digging a new quarry Pollutes hedges around fields Spraying pesticides on crops Reduces the land available for wild animals Growing rice Produces lots of litter Driving cars that release sulfur dioxide	1 mark for each correct line extra line from box in left hand column cancels mark	4
b)	any two from: climate change more extreme weather / changes to weather (patterns) / described rise in sea level melting of ice caps reduced biodiversity changes to migration patterns changes in distribution of species	ignore 'Earth warmer' accept faster plant growth / tropical species can be grown in UK accept tropical diseases /example spread to temperate regions	2
Total marks		_	6

QUESTION	ANSWER	EXTRA INFORMATION	MARKS
a)	any one from:	allow described consequence	1
	increased pollution	eg vermin	
	dumping waste	accept (increased) landfill	
		accept (increased) fly tipping	
b)i	(mass of SO2) decreases		1
	and then levels off / plateaus		1
b)ii)	800	clear evidence of calculating	2
		700 (000) = 1 mark	
b)iii)	any one from:		1
	•acid rain		
	 erosion of statues / buildings 		
	•destruction of habitats		
	 reduction in biodiversity 		
	damage to lichen		

	breathing problems	
c)	Carbon dioxide being absorbed	1
	in oceans and lakes	
	Photosynthesis by trees	1
Total marks		8

QUESTION	ANSWER	EXTRA INFORMATION	MARKS
a)	(rapid) growth in population (size)	accept description of increased standard of living, eg more packaging, more food thrown	1
	increase in the standard of living	away or overbuying resources	1
b)i)	41.5	allow 1 mark for 9733 ÷ 23454 or allow 1 mark for 0.415 or allow 1 mark for 41.49 or 41 or 41.4	2
b)ii)	any four from: arguments for: • there has been a reduction in total waste • there has been an increase in (total mass of) recycling • there has been an increase in the percentage of waste recycled • it (may) not be possible to achieve zero waste arguments against: • there is still a lot of waste (not recycled) • there has only been a small reduction in total waste • there was one year (2006) where total waste went up • the rate of increase of percentage recycled is slowing down • no information on materials reused • no information on waste from factories / industry	max 3 marks for a one sided argument allow as reason against if clear allow still more than half or 56.8% of waste (not recycled)	4
c)i)	any two from: •reduce biodiversity or	ignore rise in sea levels ignore temperature change	2

	extinction		
		accept correct examples of climate change eg storms, flooding, drought references to weather changing is insufficient allow ice caps melting or habitat destruction	
c)ii)	any one from: •absorbed by oceans / ponds/ lakes •peat bogs	allow used for skeletons / shells of sea creatures allow in fossil fuels / limestone	1
Total marks			11

QUESTION	ANSWER	EXTRA INFORMATION	MARKS
a)i)	saves trees / woods / forests	allow reference to litter / waste tips	1
		allow more energy efficient	
a)ii)	fewer quarries / mines	allow saves resources / raw materials	1
		allow reference to litter / waste tips	
		allow more energy efficient	
b)i	eg less pollution from power	allow saves electricity	1
	stations	allow uses renewable energy source	
		owtte	
		allow saves fuel	
		ignore uses energy from sun	
b)ii)	eg less need for reservoirs	allow uses of water / reuse of water	1
		accept conserves water / less mains	
		water	
		ignore stores water	
b)iii)	eg less pollution in rivers	allow uses of fertiliser	1
		accept reduces the amount of	
		sewage	
		/ pollution	
		ignore turned into fertiliser	
Total marks			5

QUESTION	ANSWER	EXTRA INFORMATION	MARKS
a)	any two from:	control variables from information given	2
b)	any two from:	must be ideas related to a sample ignore reliability etc	2
c)	10 to 99 or 10-99 or 99 to 10 or 99-10		2
d)	 any two from: increased / goes up 0 at sample 4 to (more than) 100 	allow increase implied from all data described	2
e)	mayfly because not found downstream of point where sewage enters stream or only in the unpolluted water		1 1
Total marks			9

QUESTION	ANSWER	EXTRA INFORMATION	MARKS
a)i)	(more) habitats / (greater) variety	allow (more) places / trees for homes	1
	of	or different places to live	
	habitats / range of food	allow no pesticides /herbicides /	
		chemicals sprayed	
		allow more food	
		allow safer / can hide	
		allow effects of machinery	
a)ii)	any two from:	ignore timber / uses of wood	2
	↑ building /houses / factories /		
	etc		

	∱ roads		
	↑ quarrying ↑ waste dumps / landfill		
	₹ grazing		
b)i	fertilisers		1
b)ii)	pesticides		1
b)iii)	pesticide / herbicide / chemicals / sprays	allow river (through farmland) polluted allow correct effect of fertilisers on river organisms	1
c)	any two from † pollution / named pollutant / combustion / cars † dumping waste / litter † raw materials used up or reference to quarries / mines † chopping down trees † building / houses / etc † global warming	allow 'not recycling'	2
Total marks			8

QUESTION	ANSWER	EXTRA INFORMATION	MARKS
a)i)	carbon dioxide		1
a)ii)	sulfur dioxide		1
b)i)	reduces land available for animals		1
	and plants		
b)ii)	metals		1
c)i)	pesticide		1
c)ii)	kill other animals		1
Total marks			6