Conduction and Convection 3

QUESTION 1

QUESTION	ANSWER	EXTRA INFORMATION	MARKS
a)		correct order only	
	convection		1
	conduction		1
Total marks			2

QUESTION 2

QUESTION	ANSWER		EXTRA INFORMATION	MARKS
	conduction	1		
	convection	3		
	insulation	4		
	radiation	2		
Total marks				4

QUESTION 3

QUESTION	ANSWER	EXTRA INFORMATION	MARKS
	decreases 2		
	increases 1		
	is unchanged 4		
	rises 3		
Total marks			4

QUESTION	ANSWER	EXTRA INFORMATION	MARKS
a)i)	the outside colour of the cans		1
a)ii)	18 (°C) or 88 to 70	ignore negative sign	1
b)	8 (°C) or 70 to 62	ignore negative sign	1
c)	greater temperature difference	must mention temperature	1
	between water and surroundings (at	difference	

	start)	ignore just water hotter	
		accept energy used to heat cans initially	
d)	black	accept (can L) loses more heat /	1
	temperature falls the fastest (in L)	cools	1
	black is a good / the best / better	quicker	1
	emitter	accept heat for temperature	
	(of heat / radiation)	accept converse	
		ignore black is best absorber	
Total marks			7

QUESTION	ANSWER	EXTRA INFORMATION	MARKS
a)	any three from:	ignore reference to skewer	3
	② (air) particles / molecules / atoms	do not accept move more	
	gain energy		
	② (air) particles / molecules / atoms	do not accept move with a bigger	
	move faster		
	② (air) particles / molecules / atoms	amplitude / vibrate more	
	move apart		
	② air expands		
		do not accept particles expand	
	② air becomes less dense		
	② warm / hot air rises		
		do not accept heat rises	
		if credit is to be given for answers	
		in	
		terms of particles it must be clear	
		they	
b)	conduction	are air particles not gas particles	1
b)		accept conductor	1
c)	any one from:	do not accept heat for	1
	temperature of the potatotemperature of the surroundings /	temperature	
	room / surface / atmosphere	accept how hot the potato / room is	
	size / mass / weight / volume of	15	
	the potato		
	shape of the potato		
	surface area of the potato		
	nature of the surface of the potato	potato cut open insufficient	
	type of surface it is placed on	potato cut open mounicient	
	in a draught		
	type of potato		
	whether the skewers are left in or		
	taken out		
1	<u> </u>	L	1

d)	(foil) reflects heat (back towards	reduces heat loss is insufficient	1
	potato)	do not accept reflects hot air	
	or		
	(foil) is a poor emitter (of heat	accept reduces / stops heat loss by	
	radiation)	radiation	
		do not accept heat is trapped	
Total marks			6

QUESTION	ANSWER	EXTRA INFORMATION	MARKS
a)	the bigger the surface area, the faster	answers must imply rate	1
	the water cools down / temperature		
	falls	accept heat for temperature	
		provided	
		rate is implied	
		do not accept cools down more	
		unless qualified	
b)	any two from:	not just has large ears	2
	the ears:	accept loses heat, but does not	
	nave large surface / area	score	
	? radiate heat	if the reason given for heat loss is	
	? keep blood cooler	wrong	
c)i)	radiation		1
c)ii)	conduction		1
Total marks			5

QUESTION	ANSWER	EXTRA INFORMATION	MARKS
a)	conduction	do not accept conductor	1
b)	the freezer	both parts needed	1
	greater temperature difference	do not accept because it is the	
		coldest	
	(between freezer and room)		
c)	any two from: poor absorber of heat /radiation	accept does not absorb heat poor emitter of heat / radiation is	2
	reflects heat / radiation (from room away from fridge-freezer) reduces heat transfer into the	neutral	
	fridge-freezer	do not accept it is a bad conductor	
	reduces power consumption	/good insulator	
	of fridge-freezer		
Total marks			4

QUESTION	ANSWER	EXTRA INFORMATION	MARKS
a)i)	radiation	ignore thermal / infrared	1
a)ii)	black is a better / good absorber (of heat / radiation) (so) temperature rises faster or white is a worse / poor absorber (of heat / radiation) (1) (so if white faces) temperature would rise slower (1)	ignore reference to black being a good emitter black absorbs heat is insufficient do not accept black attracts / absorbs the Sun do not accept black attracts heat must be an indication of heating up quicker accept white is a better / good reflector (of heat / radiation)	1
		ignore any reference to light	
b)i)	1.2 (hours) or 1 hour 12 minutes	no tolerance	1
b)ii)	increases (rapidly at first then increases at a slower rate)	do not accept increases at a steady rate	1
c)i)	any two from: • (fill with) same mass / volume / amount of water • same level of (sun)light / sunshine • outside for the same (length of) time • outside at same time (of day / year) • initial water temperature • the side of the bag facing the Sun	accept same heat / light source accept same place do not accept any factors to do with the construction of plastic bags eg thickness	2
c)ii)	curved line drawn above given line	both lines must start from the same point ignore if continues beyond one hour or levels off after 1 hour	1
Total marks			8

QUESTION	ANSWER	EXTRA INFORMATION	MARKS
	(a metal has) free electrons	accept atoms / particles for ions	1
		throughout	
	(kinetic) energy of (free) electrons	accept mobile for free	1
	increases	accept energy of ions increases	
		accept ions vibrate with a bigger	
		amplitude accept ions vibrate more	
	(free) electrons move faster	do not accept electrons vibrate	1
	or	more	
		accept electrons collide with	
	electrons move through metal	other	
	(so) electrons transfer energy to other electrons / ions	electrons / ions	1
		accept ions transfer energy to	
		neighbouring ions	
			4