Diffusion, Osmosis, Active Transport 2 MS

QUESTION 1

QUESTION	ANSWER	EXTRA INFORMATION	MARKS
a)i)	water / H2O	accept oxygen	1
		allow H2O	
		do not allow H2O or H2O	
a)ii)	the mineral ions are absorbed		1
	by active transport		
	the absorption of mineral ions needs energy		1
a)iii)	have (many root) hairs		1
	(which) give a large surface area (for absorption)		1
Total marks			5

QUESTION 2

QUESTION	ANSWER	EXTRA INFORMATION	MARKS
a)i)	0		1
a)ii)	osmosis		1
b)	0.5		1
	no change in mass / weight	allow 'chip / it stays the same'	1
	or		
	no (net) osmosis / same amount		
	of		
	water in and out		
c)	repeat / use more chips in each	allow use of other people's results	1
	solution	do not allow 'get more results'	
		unqualified	
		do not allow leave longer / use more	
		concentrations / better	
		instrumentation	
Total marks			5

QUESTION 3

QUESTION	ANSWER	EXTRA INFORMATION	MARKS
a)	A		1
b)i)	diffusion		1
b)ii)	respiration		1
b)iii)	mitochondria		1
b)iv)	photosynthesis		1
Total marks			5

QUESTION 4

QUESTION	ANSWER	EXTRA INFORMATION	MARKS
a)	because water enters (the cell / it	do not accept salt / sugar /	1
	/ named cell)	solution entering	
	by osmosis / diffusion	if osmosis / diffusion not given	1
		accept concentration inside cell	
	through a partially permeable	greater than outside cell	1
	membrane	assume concentration refers to	
		solute concentration unless	
		answer indicates otherwise	
		allow water goes up the	
		concentration gradient	
		allow water goes down its	
		concentration gradient	
		do not accept if diffusion of salt /	
		sugar	
		allow semi / selectively permeable	
		membrane or description	
b)i)	(plant cells) have (cell) wall	accept animal cells have no (cell)	1
		wall	
		ignore reference to cell	
		membrane	
		do not accept reference to other	
		organelles or any implication that	
		animal cells have a cell wall eg	
		plant cells have a thicker cell wall	
Total marks			4

QUESTION 5

QUESTION	ANSWER	EXTRA INFORMATION	MARKS
a)	xylem and phloem	either order	1
		allow words ringed in box	
		allow mis-spelling if unambiguous	
b)i)	movement / spreading out of	ignore names of substances	1
	particles / molecules / ions /	/ 'gases'	
	atoms		
		accept down concentration	
	from high to low concentration	gradient	1
		ignore 'along' / 'across' gradient	
		ignore 'with' gradient	
b)ii)	oxygen / water (vapour)	allow O2/O2	1
		ignore O2/O	
		allow H2O/H2O	
		ignore H2O	
Total marks			4

QUESTION 6

QUESTION	ANSWER EXTRA INFORMATION			RMATION	MARKS	
a)	0 marks	Level 1 (1–2 marks)	Leve	l 2 (3–4 marks)	Level 3 (5–6 marks)	
	No relevant content.	An example is given of a named substance or a process or there is an idea of why diffusion is important eg definition.	of a su given and correct proces	st one example ubstance is etly linked to a ss in either als or plants.	There is a description of a process occurring in either animals or plants that is correctly linked to a substance and a process occurring in the other type of organism that is correctly linked to a substance.	
b	examples of points made in the response Importance of diffusion: •to take in substances for use in cell processes •products from cell processes removed		Description of include:	of processes might		
			ions •through a p membrane	of particles / molecules / partially permeable t of substance) down a		
	Examples of substances	of processes and ::			gor / support / stomatal	
	•for gas ex	change / respiratio	n:			

	O2 in / CO2 out •for gas exchange / photosynthesis: CO2 in / O2 out •food molecules absorbed: glucose, amino acids, etc •water absorption in the large intestine •water lost from leaves / transpiration •water absorption by roots •mineral ions absorbed by roots	
Total marks		6