Food Security and Farming MS

ANSWER		EXTRA INFOR	RMATION	MARKS
wheat → humans chain tra	ansfers	allow 10% if	given as a	1
10 times more energy that	n	_ ·	e.g. one is 10% of the	
wheat \rightarrow pigs \rightarrow humans of	chain	other		
or				
· -		ignore less u	nqualified	
	nectare)			
	loss		_	1
		ignore neat (ınqualined	
	oraturo	allow named	ovamples	
	erature	allow Harried	examples	
	by			
	Бу			
	stage	allow longer	food chain so more	
	_	_		
• .		0,		
Level 1 (1-2 marks) Level 2 (3-4 marks) Level 3 (5-6 marks)		6		
description of at least one factory farming method or identification of an	at least on farming m and an advanta disadvanta	e factory ethod age or age is	There is a description of factory farming methods and advantage(s) and disadvantage(s) are explained.	
_	_	ery hens / calf	crates / pig barns / fish	
_	_	1	d. I	
_	lified food	d given / growt	th hormones	
	المانانات	·		
eggs	. '		, ,	
	wheat → humans chain tra 10 times more energy that wheat → pigs → humans of or wheat → pigs → humans of transfers 810 000 (kJ per h less any one reason for energy from pigs e.g.: •movement •(maintaining) body temp •waste materials •not all parts of pig eaten human •because there is an extra (pigs) in the food chain an energy is lost at each stage Level 1 (1-2 marks) There is a basic description of at least one factory farming method or identification of an advantage or disadvantage of factory farming. factory farming methods e •Kept in cramped condition tanks •Controlled temperature o •Controlled temperature o •Controlled feeding / mod •Controlled lighting •Treated with prophylacti Advantages e.g.: •Increased efficiency / profaster growth •Farmer can have more liv •Less energy is lost throug •Less energy is used keepi •(Food is high in calories /	wheat → humans chain transfers 10 times more energy than wheat → pigs → humans chain or wheat → pigs → humans chain transfers 810 000 (kJ per hectare) less any one reason for energy loss from pigs e.g.: •movement •(maintaining) body temperature •waste materials •not all parts of pig eaten by human •because there is an extra stage (pigs) in the food chain and energy is lost at each stage Level 1 (1-2 marks) There is a basic description of at least one factory farming method or identification of an advantage or disadvantage of factory farming. factory farming methods e.g.: •Kept in cramped conditions / batte tanks •Controlled temperature / heating •Controlled feeding / modified food •Controlled lighting •Treated with prophylactic antibiot Advantages e.g.: •Increased efficiency / profit / grea faster growth •Farmer can have more livestock •Less energy is lost through mover •Less energy is used keeping warm •(Food is high in calories / protein)	wheat → humans chain transfers 10 times more energy than wheat → pigs → humans chain transfers 810 000 (kJ per hectare) less any one reason for energy loss from pigs e.g.: •movement •(maintaining) body temperature •waste materials •not all parts of pig eaten by human •because there is an extra stage (pigs) in the food chain and energy is lost at each stage Level 1 (1-2 marks) There is a basic description of at least one factory farming method or identification of an advantage or disadvantage of factory farming. factory farming methods e.g.: •Kept in cramped conditions / battery hens / calf tanks •Controlled temperature / heating •Controlled feeding / modified food given / growt •Controlled lighting •Treated with prophylactic antibiotics Advantages e.g.: •Increased efficiency / profit / greater food product faster growth •Farmer can have more livestock •Less energy is used keeping warm •(Food is high in calories / protein) so animals will	wheat → humans chain transfers 10 times more energy than wheat → pigs → humans chain or wheat → pigs → humans chain transfers 810 000 (kJ per hectare) less any one reason for energy loss from pigs e.g.: ●movement ●(maintaining) body temperature ●(pigs) in the food chain and energy is lost at each stage Level 1 (1-2 marks) Level 2 (3-4 marks) Level 3 (5-6 marks) There is a basic description of at least one factory farming method or identification of an advantage or disadvantage or disadvantage of factory farming. factory farming methods e.g.: ●(Kept in cramped conditions / battery hens / calf crates / pig barns / fish tanks ●Controlled temperature / heating ●Controlled feeding / modified food given / growth hormones ●Controlled lighting ●Treated with prophylactic antibiotics Advantages e.g.: ●Increased efficiency / profit / greater food production / cheaper food / faster growth ●Farmer can have more livestock •Less energy is used keeping warm •(Food is high in calories / protein) so animals will grow faster / lay more

	•Easier to vaccinate all the animals		
	•Easier to protect animals from predators		
	Antibiotic treatment stops infections in animals		
	Disadvantages e.g.:		
	•Stress / cruelty / inhumane / uneth	nical	
	Restricted movement / overcrowding		
	•Faster spread of diseases		
	•Antibiotics in the food chain / residual chemicals in the food chain		
	Wasting fossil fuels / increasing global warming		
	•Increased pollution from animal waste and from additional transport		
Total marks			8

QUESTION	ANSWER	EXTRA INFORMATION	MARKS
a)i)	76.0 / 76	correct answer with or without working gains 2 marks allow 76.04 for 2 marks allow 76.04 with extra decimal places eg 76.042 for 1 mark for 1 mark	2
a)ii)	mass of fish declines (until 2008)	ignore use of numbers	1
	(due to an) increase in fishing /	allow number of fish decline (until	1
	overfishing	2008)	1
	and then rises (until 2010) (which could be due to) quotas / net restrictions working		1
		allow any reasonable suggestion, such as countries swapping quotas or restrictions on fishing	
		during breeding seasons	
		ignore less fishing	
		if no other marks awarded allow 1	
		mark for a decrease in mass and	
		an increase in mass if answer relates to sustainable fishing	
a)iii)	(this is due to) public awareness / demand	allow legislation / rules	1
b)	fishing quotas / bans	if size of net is stated then it must	1
		be smaller	
	(small) net / mesh size	if size of mesh is stated then it	
	<u> </u>	must be larger	
c)	(fish) cannot move freely / as	do not allow 'no energy is lost'	1
	much	ignore references to less heat	
		loss though controlling body	

	(therefore) less energy loss from	temperature	1
	the fish	ignore references to respiration	
		accept 'high-protein food (for	
		making cells)'	
	(there is) more food available /		1
	better quality food / fed more		
	often		
	(so) there is more energy for		1
	growth or (more food) is		
	converted to biomass		
Total marks			13

QUESTION	ANSWER	EXTRA INFORMATION	MARKS
a)	scientists figures based on research /calculations / data or scientists sample whole area fishermen based on impression / hearsay /experience or fishermen fish in well-stocked / limited areas	ignore reasons based on bias scientists sample a wider area = 2 marks fishermen only fish in well-stocked areas = 2 marks if no marks gained fishermens' opinion and scientists' opinion gains	1
b)	any two from:	1 mark	2
DI	 economic considerations political impact pressure groups fears of extinction 	eg fear for jobs, profits, big demand for cod eg allow EU / government decide or laws will be passed	2
Total marks			4

QUESTION	ANSWER	EXTRA INFORMATION	MARKS
a)	any one from:	award marks if the method by which	1
	↑ increase / give light		
	↑ increase temperature / make	these could be done is given	
	warmer		
	increase / give CO2	eg leave lights on all night or use a	
	↑ add fertiliser / nutrients /	heater	
	minerals / named	allow nitrogen	
		ignore 'food'	
b)i	any two from:	accept converse if clear that answer	2

	₹ cheaper ₹ better quality / flavour ₹ available all year	refers to use of British tomatoes allow grow faster / more grown ignore size	
		allow 'Fair Trade'	
b)ii)	any two from: † greater distance or more food miles or more transport † transport needs (more)	idea of more needed only once	2
	energy / fuel † reference to eg greenhouse effect / global warming / pollution / CO2 release / carbon footprint	ignore ozone	
Total marks			5

QUESTION	ANSWER	EXTRA INFORMATION	MARKS
a)	5		1
b)	any one from: •more light •warm(er) / hot	allow in either section allow more sun / sunnier	1
	more water / lot of rain increased / more photosynthesis	allow in either section allow more biomass / carbohydrate / named (made) do not allow food allow enzymes / metabolism faster NB for 2 marks this must be linked to heat to gain 2 marks more / increased must be mentioned at least once	1
c)	less pollution / named pollutant eg carbon dioxide / 'fumes' / emissions	allow examples of effect of less pollution eg less global warming / less acid rain	1
	less fuel used / less transport / named transport	allow any relevant environmental effect eg imported diseases ignore 'less distance' / importing allow 'less distance travelled' / 'less travel'	1
		allow smaller carbon footprint once	

	only for either mark	
Total marks		5

QUESTION	ANSWER	EXTRA INFORMATION	MARKS
a)	30	award both marks for correct	2
		answer,	
		irrespective of working	
		100 - (33 + 27 + 10) or equivalent	
		for 1 mark	
b)	2 or 1.98	award both marks for correct	2
		answer,	
		irrespective of working	
		(33 / 100) × 6 or equivalent for 1	
		mark	
c)	respiration		1
d)i)	less / no heat loss / movement	do not accept 'energy' / warmth	1
		unqualified	
d)ii)	any reference to cruelty eg stress	ignore references to disease /	1
	to calf / cramped conditions	hygiene	
Total marks			7