GENERATOR EFFECT MARK SCHEMES

Question 1

question	answers	extra information	mark
(a)	(magnetic) field / lines of force / flux rotate(s) / move(s) / through / in / cut(s) the coil	do not credit the idea that movement creates the magnetic field	1
	potential difference / p.d. / voltage induced across the coil	do not credit just current induced	1
(b)	 any one from: more powerful / stronger / lighter magnet larger / more / bigger / lighter cups / with a bigger surface area longer arms lubricate the spindle add more turns to the coil / nail 	do not credit a bigger magnet	1
Total			3
Question 2	2		
(a)	greater	accept bigger / larger / higher	1
(b)	magnetic field / flux (1)		3
	cuts through the coil (1)	or the converse	

	p.d varies as the distance between accept voltage for p.d. magnet and coil changes / as the magnet accept varies for changes rotates (1)	
(c)	any two from:	2
	 move coil closer to the rim / wheel	
	accept extra magnets more powerful magnet	
	do not accept more coils • more turns (on the coil)	
	coil with greater area	
	• using an <u>iron</u> core	
Total		6
Question 3		
(a)	$C \rightarrow B$ (1 st two boxes) allow 1 mark for either linkage in any position	1
	$D \rightarrow A$ (end two boxes)	1

			1
(b)	any two from:		2
	 more powerful / stronger magnet 	do not accept just bigger magnet	
	 smaller gap between coil and magnet 		
	coil with more turns / longer coil	accept more coils do not accept just bigger coil do not accept just more wire	
	coil with bigger area	do not accept shake faster do not accept shake for longer	
(c)(i)	the longer the torch is shaken, the longer the light lasts	accept the converse	1
		accept it is a (strong) positive (non-linear) relationship	
		do not accept ' are (directly) proportional'	
(c) (ii)	any two from:		2
	if this investigation is repeated the result would not be the same		
	 rate / amplitude / angle of shaking could vary 		
	personal judgement when the LED / light has 'gone out'		

Total	results / data / measurements have not been repeated / averaged		7
Question	4		
(a)	induced		1
(b)	 any two from: use the same (strength) magnet the speed that the magnet is moved the area of the turns the magnetic pole being moved towards the coil (of wire) 	same size magnet is insufficient accept movement of the magnet same type/length of wire is insufficient use the same voltmeter is insufficient	2
(c)(i)	voltmeter misread or number of turns miscounted	result misread is insufficient human error is insufficient allow the magnet was moved at a (slightly) different speed (into the coil) than for the other readings allow spacing between the turns had changed	1
(c)(ii)	line of best fit passing through all points except (100, 0.034)	line does not need to go back to origin	1

(d)	 any one from: can re-check data / readings can take more readings (in a given time) easier to identify maximum value 	accept can go back to data can store data is insufficient automatically records data is insufficient accept is more accurate accept eliminates human error	1
Total			6