

GROUP 1 ELEMENTS

Mark scheme

Question 1

Questions	Answers	Extra information	Marks
(a)(i)	hydrogen	accept H ₂ allow H	1
(ii)	hydroxide	accept OH ⁻ allow OH do not accept lithium hydroxide	1
(b)	any two from: potassium: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • reacts / dissolves faster • bubbles / fizzes faster • moves faster (on the surface) • melts • produces (lilac / purple) flame 	'it' = potassium accept converse for lithium allow reacts more vigorously / quickly / violently / explodes ignore reacts more allow fizzes more allow more gas allow moves more allow forms a sphere allow catches fire / ignites do not accept other colours	2
(c)	any two from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • fizzes / bubbles / gas • violent / vigorous / explodes / very fast reaction • floats / on surface • moves (very quickly) • melts (into a ball) • bursts into flame • gets smaller / (reacts to) form a solution / dissolves / disappears etc • steam / gets hot (owtte) 	hydrogen alone is insufficient ignore incorrect name if 'gas' stated accept container explodes ignore strong reaction ignore sinks accept (bright) light ignore colour / glow ignore alkaline solutions or change in colour etc	2
Total marks			6

Question 2

Questions	Answers	Extra information	Marks
(i)	Rb K Na	allow rubidium, potassium, sodium do not accept RB or NA	1
(ii)	decrease or become lower / smaller / less	allow from 180°C to 27°C	1
Total marks			2

Question 3

Questions	Answers	Extra information	Marks
(i)	quickly melted	allow melts in contact with water, allow bp 100 °C (of water) shows mp is low ignore one other piece of information	1
(ii)	easily cut	ignore one other piece of information	1
(iii)	effervescence / fizzing / bubbling	ignore named gas ignore one other piece of information	1
Total marks			3

Question 4

Questions	Answers	Extra information	Marks
(a)	acts as barrier between sodium and air / oxygen / water (vapour)	accept because they are reactive ignore oil will not react	1
(b)	$2\text{Na} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow 2\text{NaOH} + \text{H}_2$	allow multiples / fractions	1
(c)	these metals react with water producing an alkaline solution or produce solution with pH greater than 7 / high pH	owtte allow produce OH ⁻ ions not these metals are / form alkalis ignore 'strong' pH	1
(d)		it = potassium	

	bigger atom or outer shell electron further from nucleus or more shells less attraction to nucleus or more shielding outer electron more easily lost	outer electron must be mentioned once for all 3 marks or converse argument for sodium less reactive provided sodium is specified not less magnetic attraction ignore potassium reacts more easily	1 1 1
Total marks			6

Question 5

Questions	Answers	Extra information	Marks
(a)	sodium is a metal		1
	sodium forms ions with a +1 charge		1
(b)(i)	A		1
(ii)	hydrogen		1
Total marks			4

Question 6

Questions	Answers	Extra information	Marks
	reactivity increases down group	allow converse throughout	1
		for next three marks, outer electron needs to be mentioned once otherwise max = 2	1
	outer electron is further from nucleus	allow more energy levels / shells	1
	less attraction between outer electron and nucleus	allow larger atoms	1
	therefore, outer electron lost more easily	allow more shielding	
Total marks			4