## Refraction MS

| QUESTIO <br> N | ANSWER | EXTRA <br> INFORMATION | MARK S |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION 1 |  |  |  |
| (a)(i) | (angle of) refraction | take care not to credit angle of reflection | 1 |
| (a)(ii) | normal | do not credit horizontal | 1 |
| Question 2 |  |  |  |
| (a) | the normal |  | 1 |
| (b) | v |  | 1 |
| (c) | any one from: <br> - light has moved from glass to air / from air to glass <br> - speed of light has changed <br> - angle of incidence is less than the critical angle <br> - change in density (of medium) | accept light has changed medium <br> beware of contradictions for this marking point eg light has moved from glass to air and slowed down gets zero <br> or <br> (angle) $\mathrm{i}<$ (angle) c <br> or <br> (angle) y is less <br> than the critical <br> angle <br> eg glass is more (optically) dense than air | 1 |


| (d)(i) | ratio of v to y does not give the same answer (in every <br> case) | allow for $\mathbf{1}$ mark a <br> calculation but no <br> conclusion eg $30 \rightarrow$ <br> 60 <br> $19 \rightarrow 35(38)$ | 2 |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (d)(ii) | value of v doubles value of y does not <br> double <br> or <br> increments for v are the same but <br> increments for y are not the same | angle) v increases, <br> angle y increases | accept as the angle of <br> incidence increases, <br> the angle of refraction <br> increases |
| Total | or <br> there is a (strong) <br> positive(non-linear) <br> relationship between <br> the variables | 1 |  |


| (a)(i) |  |  | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a)(ii) | 1 degree |  | 1 |
| (a)(iii) | 1.6 | allow 1 mark for correct substitution, ie 0.80 / 0.5 provided no subsequent step shown working showing 1.59(9.....) scores zero |  |
| (b) | 2 <br> nd diagram ticked |  | 1 |
| Total |  |  | 5 |

