Q1 (a) A student investigated the refraction of light as it passes out of a transparent plastic block.
She aimed a ray of light at point $X$. She marked the position of the ray as it passed through the transparent plastic block and into the air.

The angle i is the angle of incidence.

(a) (i) What is the name of angle $r$ ?
(a) (ii) What is the name of the dashed line?

Q2. A student uses a ray box and a semicircular glass block to investigate refraction.

(a) What is the vertical dashed line called?
(b) Which angle, $\mathrm{v}, \mathrm{w}, \mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}$ or z , is the angle of refraction?
(c) Why has refraction taken place?
(d) In an investigation, a student always aims the light from the ray box at point $P$. She moves the ray box to give different values of angle v.

She records angle y for each of these values. The table shows her results.

| Angle $\boldsymbol{v}$ <br> measured in degrees | Angle $\boldsymbol{y}$ <br> measured in degrees |
| :---: | :---: |
| 30 | 19 |
| 40 | 25 |
| 50 | 31 |
| 60 | 35 |
| 70 | 39 |
| 80 | 41 |

The student studies the data and comes to the following conclusion.

Angle $\mathbf{y}$ is directly proportional to angle v .

Her friend says that this conclusion is not correct.
(d) (i) Use data from the table to explain why the conclusion is not correct.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(2 marks)
(d) (ii) Write a correct conclusion for the experiment.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(d) (iii) Why is your conclusion only valid when angle $v$ is between $30^{\circ}$ and $80^{\circ}$ ?
$\qquad$

Q3. (a) Figure 8 shows a ray of light entering a glass block.

## Figure 8


(a) (i) The angle of incidence in Figure 8 is labelled with the letter i .

On Figure 8, use the letter $r$ to label the angle of refraction.
(a) (ii) Figure 9 shows the protractor used to measure angles $i$ and $r$.

Figure 9


What is the resolution of the protractor?

(a) (iii) Table 1 shows calculated values for angle $i$ and angle $r$ from an investigation.

| Table 1 |
| :--- |
| $\sin \mathrm{i}=0.80$ |
| $\sin \mathrm{r}=0.50$ |

Use the values from Table 1 to calculate the refractive index of the glass.
Use the correct equation from the Physics Equations Sheet.
$\qquad$
(b)The diagrams below show a ray of light moving through glass.

Which diagram correctly shows what happens when the ray of light strikes the surface of the glass at the critical angle?

Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) one box.

$\square$
$\square$
$\square$
[1 mark]
Total: 14 Marks

