WEIGHT MASS AND GRAVITY AND RESULTANT FORCES MARK SCHEMES

Question 1			
question	answers	extra information	mark
(a)	centre of X at the point where the axes cross	to within 1 mm in any direction	1
(b)(i)	(at / in the) centre (of the tyre)	or unambiguously shown on the diagram	1
(ii)	(this is) where axes of symmetry (of the tyre) cross / intersect / meet	or point at which the mass of the tyre seems to be (concentrated)	1
total			3
Question	2		I
(a)	(line of action of) its weight		1
	falls inside its wheel base	accept falls between the wheels	1
	(so there is) no (resultant / clockwise) moment / turning effect	the first two points may be credited by adding a vertical line from the centre of the X on the diagram (1) and labelling it weight / force / with a downwards arrow (1) provided there is no contradiction between what is added to the diagram and anything which may be written	1
(b)	centre of mass should be lower		1

		accept centre of gravity accept weight / mass low down not just lower the roof	1
	wheel base should be wider	accept long axle(s) for wide wheel base allow bigger / larger wheel base do not credit <u>long</u> wheel base	
		responses in either order	
total			5
Question	3		I
(a)	centre of X on the plumb line and between the level of the captions 'plastic sheet' and 'hole B '	example Pin through hole A Plastic sheet Hole B Plumb line	1
(b)	centre of mass	accept any unambiguous indication	1
(c)	vertical	accept any unambiguous indication	1
Total			3
Question 4	1		
(a)(i)	centre of ${f X}$ above the feet and in the body	a vertical line from their X falls between two lines in diagram – judged by eye	1

(a)(ii)	where the mass seems to be concentrated	accept it's above the <u>base</u> (area) accept because otherwise it would topple accept line of action (of weight) passes through the <u>base</u> do not accept where the mass is concentrated	1
(b)	 any two from: make (the area of) feet / base bigger make feet wider apart makes legs shorter / heavier make head smaller / lighter make tail touch the ground / make the tail longer 	accept 'make centre of mass / gravity lower'	2
Total			4
Question !	5	· /	
(a)	centre of X should appear to be on the continued line of the flex and in the body of the lamp as judged by eye	example	1

(b)	below		1
(c)	$(D) \rightarrow B \rightarrow F \rightarrow A \rightarrow C \rightarrow (E)$	all four correct for 3 marks or any two correct for 2 marks or just one correct for 1 mark	3
total			5
Question	6		
6 (a)(i)	centre of X directly below P <u>and</u> between the model aeroplanes	as judged by eye but between centre of propeller of top aeroplane and canopy of bottom aeroplane	1
		example	
6 (a)(ii)	the centre of mass is (vertically) below the point of suspension / P		1
	the centre of mass is in the middle of the aeroplanes	accept the centre of mass is level with the aeroplanes	1
6 (b)	<u>centre of mass</u> of the worker <u>and the ladder</u> (and device)		1
	line of action of the weight is inside the base	accept the centre of mass is above / within / inside the base (of the ladder and device)	1
	so there will not be a (resultant) moment or	accept so he / it / the ladder will not topple even if he leans over	1

	it will (only) topple over if the line of action of the weight / the centre of mass is outside the base	accept each point, either on the diagram or in the written explanation, but do not accept the point if there is any contradiction between them	
Total			6