

Exercise 21.4

① (i) $x = 4t$ $y = 5t^2$
 $\frac{x}{4} = t \Rightarrow y = 5\left(\frac{x}{4}\right)^2 \Rightarrow y = \frac{5x^2}{16}$

(ii) $x = 5t$ $y = 6 + 2t - 5t^2$
 $\frac{x}{5} = t \Rightarrow y = 6 + \frac{2x}{5} - \frac{x^2}{5}$

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(iii) $x = 2 - t$ $y = 3t - 5t^2$
 $2 - x = t \Rightarrow y = -14 - 5x^2 + 17x$

(iv) $x = 1 + 5t$ $y = 8 + 10t - 5t^2$
 $\frac{x-1}{5} = t \Rightarrow y = 8 + 10\left(\frac{x-1}{5}\right) - 5\left(\frac{x-1}{5}\right)^2$
 $y = 5.8 + 2.4x - 0.2x^2$

(v) $x = ut$ $y = 2ut - \frac{1}{2}gt^2$
 $\frac{x}{u} = t \Rightarrow y = 2u\left(\frac{x}{u}\right) - \frac{1}{2}g\left(\frac{x}{u}\right)^2$
 $y = 2x - \frac{1}{2}g \cdot \frac{x^2}{u^2}$

② (i) $y = x \tan \theta + \frac{gx^2}{2u^2 \cos^2 \theta} \Rightarrow y = V_H t \tan \theta - \frac{g(V_H t)^2}{2V_H^2 \cos^2 \theta}$

$y = (50 \cos 36.9^\circ \times \tan 36.9^\circ)t - \frac{9.8(50 \cos 36.9^\circ)^2}{2 \times 50^2 \times (\cos 36.9^\circ)^2} t^2$
 ~~$y = (50 \cos 36.9^\circ \times \tan 36.9^\circ)t - \frac{9.8(50 \cos 36.9^\circ)^2}{2 \times 50^2 \times (\cos 36.9^\circ)^2} t^2$~~
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$$y = 30.0t - 5t^2$$

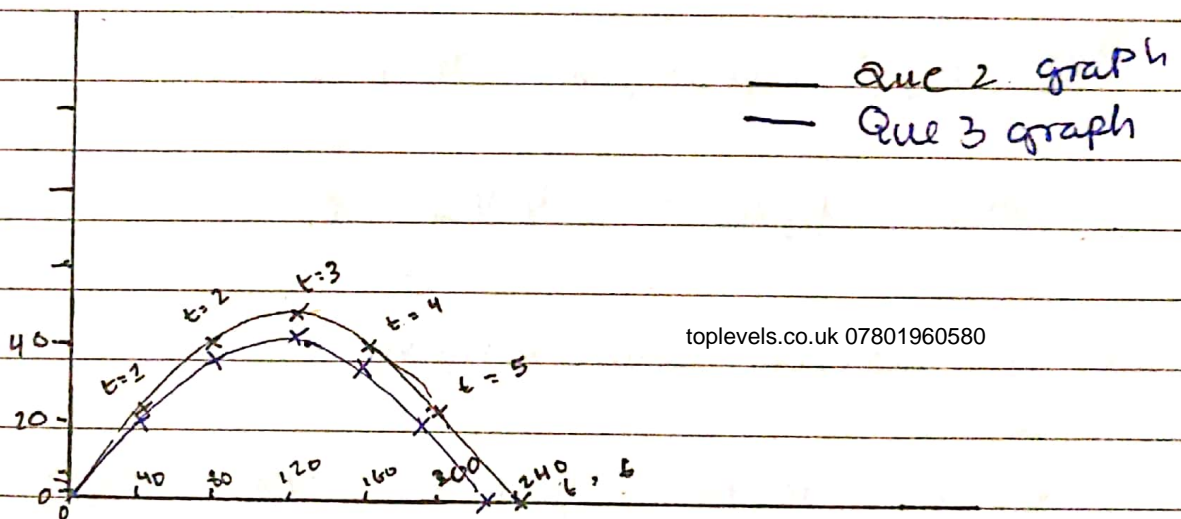
expression for x

$$50 \cos(36.9) = 39.98 \approx 40 \text{ m/s}$$

$$x = 40t$$

(ii) $\frac{x}{40} = t$, $y = 30\left(\frac{x}{40}\right) - 5\left(\frac{x}{40}\right)^2$

$$y = \frac{3x}{4} - \frac{x^2}{320}$$



(3) $1.V = 50 \text{ m/s}$, $\sin \alpha = 0.6$

$$y = x \tan \alpha + \frac{g x^2}{2u^2 \cos^2 \alpha}$$

$$y = \frac{50 \sin 0.6}{\cos 0.6} x \tan 50 + \frac{(-9.81) x^2}{2(50)^2 (\cos 0.6)^2}$$

$$= x(0.75) - \frac{1}{320} x^2$$

(ii) Air resistance would have effected the 2nd ball more

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iii) Yes they are since horizontal acceleration
= -0.5 m/s^2

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④ u_x and u_y

$$t = \frac{x}{u_x}$$

$$\text{ii) } s = ut + \frac{1}{2}gt^2$$

$$s = u_y \cdot \frac{x}{u_x} - \left(\frac{9.8}{2}\right) \left(\frac{x}{u_x}\right)^2$$

$$s(u_x)^2 = u_y u_x x - 4.9 x^2$$

$$su_x^2 - u_y u_x x + 4.9 x^2 = 0$$

iii) By solving simultaneously

(2, 1)

$$u_x^2 - u_x u_y (2) + 4.9(2)^2 = 0 \dots \textcircled{1}$$

$$u_x^2 - u_x u_y (10) + 4.9(10)^2 = 0 \dots \textcircled{2}$$

hence u_x and u_y found
for resultant velocity

$$v_R = \sqrt{u_x^2 + u_y^2} = 11.54 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{u_x}{v_R} = \cos \theta = 30.96^\circ$$