## edexcel

# Mark Scheme (Results) 

Summer 2014

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE Mathematics A (4MA0/1F) Paper 1F

Pearson Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 Certificate Mathematics A (KMAO/1F) Paper 1F

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## General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme.
Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
- Types of mark
o M marks: method marks
o A marks: accuracy marks
o B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of $M$ marks)
- Abbreviations
o cao - correct answer only
o ft - follow through
o isw - ignore subsequent working
o SC - special case
o oe - or equivalent (and appropriate)
o dep - dependent
o indep - independent
o eeoo - each error or omission


## - No working

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks
If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

- With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.
If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks.
Any case of suspected misread loses $A$ (and $B$ ) marks on that part, but can gain the $M$ marks.
If working is crossed out and still legible, then it should be given any appropriate marks, as long as it has not been replaced by alternative work.
If there is a choice of methods shown, then no marks should be awarded, unless the answer on the answer line makes clear the method that has been used.
If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

- Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: e.g. Incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct.
It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra.
Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line;
mark the correct answer.

## - Parts of questions

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded in another.

In all questions, the correct answer, unless clearly obtained by an incorrect method, should be taken to imply a correct method.

| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. (a) |  | Eight thousand, five hundred and twenty | 1 | B1 $\begin{aligned} & \text { Accept } 8 \text { for 'Eight' and } 5 \text { for 'five' } \\ & \text { Condone omission of 'and' }\end{aligned}$ |
| (b) |  | 4 hundred | 1 | B1 Accept 400, $4 \times 100,100$, hundreds |
| (c) |  | 2000 | 1 | B1 Accept two thousand |
| (d) |  | 70 | 1 | B1 |
| (e) | $30 / 100 \times 8520$ or $852 \times 3$ oe | 2556 | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Total 6 marks |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| 2. |  | 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 10,15,30 | 2 | B2 cao $\begin{array}{l}\text { B1 for any two or more correct (ignore repetitions) } \\ -1 \text { mark for incorrect addition(s) }\end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Total 2 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3. (a) |  |  | 1 | B1 |  |
| (b) | $\frac{2}{6}$ | $\frac{1}{3}$ | 2 | M1 Any fraction equivalent to $\frac{2}{6}$ A1 |  |
| (c) |  | 14 | 1 | B1 |  |
| (d) |  |  | 1 | B1 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4. (a) |  | 30, 34 | 2 | B1 B1 |
| (b) |  | Added 4 | 1 | B1 $\begin{aligned} & \text { accept }+4,4 \text { more, jumped forward by 4, difference }=4 \text {, } \\ & 4 \mathrm{n}+6 \text { oe }\end{aligned}$ |
| (c) |  | 54 | 1 | B1 |
| (d) |  | 98 and/or 102 are terms in sequence | 1 | B1 "Series would have to start at 4" or "100 is a multiple of 4 " or "100 divides by 4 " or " 100 is in the 4 times table", or " $4 \mathrm{n}+6=100$ leading to 23.5 (which is not an integer value)" etc. |
|  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5. (a) |  | 1, 4 | 1 | B1 |  |  |
| (b) |  | -3,1 | 1 | B1 |  |  |
| (c) |  | Trapezium | 1 | B1 |  |  |
| (d) (i) |  | 143 ( $\pm 2^{\circ}$ ) | 1 | B1 | Tolerance of $\pm 2^{\circ}$ |  |
| (d) (ii) |  | Obtuse | 1 | B1 |  |  |
| (e) |  | 18 | 2 | B2 | If not B2 then B1 for $(0.5 \times 4 \times 3) \&(4 \times 3)$ or for $0.5 \times(8+4) \times 3$ <br> or B1 for $16 \leq$ area $<18$ or $18<$ area $\leq 20$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total 7 marks |



| Question | Working | Answer | Mark |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8. (a) |  | 1445 | 1 | B1 Accept 14:45 14.45 14.45 pm etc. |  |
| (b) |  | 3 | 1 | B1 |  |
| (c) | $65 \times 4$ oe | 260 | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 4 marks |



| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10. | $\begin{aligned} & A B D \text { or } C B D=35 \\ & (A D B \text { or } C D B)=180-2 \times 35(=110) \\ & (x=) 360-2 x \text { " } 110 \text { " } \end{aligned}$ | 140 | 4 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \end{aligned}$ | can be marked on diagram can be marked on diagram dep on previous M1. ft from 110 above cao |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total 4 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11. | $13.50 \times 4(=54)$ or $270-13.5 \times 4(=216)$ |  |  | M1 |
|  | $(270-\times 54 ") \div 24$ |  |  | M1 dep dep on M1 above |
|  |  | 9 | 3 | A1 SC: Award B2 for 267.75 with or without working |
|  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12. (a) |  | $\begin{array}{rllllrr}\text { Heads } 2 & 4 & 6 & 8 & (10) & 12 \\ \text { Tails } 2 & 3 & (4) & 5 & 6 & 7\end{array}$ | 2 | B2 All values correct If not B2 then B1 for one row correct or a maximum of 2 errors |
| (b) |  | 2/12 oe | 2 | M1 ft ft from their table. Accept $\frac{\text { "2" }}{a}$ with $\mathrm{a}>$ "2" or $\frac{b}{12}$ with $\mathrm{b}<12$ <br> A1 ft Accept decimal equivalents to 2 dp or better (rounded or truncated) |
| (c) | "1"/12 x 60 or oe | 5 | 2 | M1 ft ft from their table A1 ft |
|  |  |  |  | Total 6 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13. (a) | Eg 0.777..., 0.833..., 0.583..., 0.666.... | $\frac{7}{12}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{7}{9}, \frac{5}{6}$ | 2 | B2 For $\frac{7}{12}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{7}{9}, \frac{5}{6}$ or for correct decimal equivalents in ascending order (rounded or truncated to at least 3 dp ) o for correct fraction equivalents in ascending order (e.g. $\frac{21}{36}, \frac{24}{36}, \frac{28}{36}, \frac{30}{36}$ ) <br> If not B2 then B1 for: <br> - 3 fractions in correct order or <br> - 2 fractions correctly converted to decimals (rounded or truncated to 2 dp ) or <br> - 2 fractions expressed as equivalent fractions with denominators of a multiple of 36 or <br> - $\frac{5}{6}, \frac{7}{9}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{7}{12}$ |
| (b) | $\frac{4}{9} \times \frac{6}{5} \text { oe }$ | $\frac{24}{45}$ oe | 2 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { M1 } & \text { or } \frac{0.8}{1.5} \\ \text { A1 } & \text { dep on M1 awarded. Accept } \frac{8}{15} \text { if clear cancelling seen }\end{array}$ |
|  | Alternative: $\frac{8 n}{18 n} \div \frac{15 n}{18 n}$ for any integer $n$ | $\frac{8}{15}$ oe | 2 | M1 $\quad \frac{8 n}{18 n} \div \frac{15 n}{18 n}$ <br> A1 dep on M1 awarded. Answer must come directly from their method e.g. $\frac{16}{36} \div \frac{30}{36}$ must be followed by $\frac{16}{30}$ for M1A1 |
|  |  |  |  | Total 4 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14. (a) | $89.7 \div 8.41 \ldots$ | 10.66(053284) | 2 | M1 for 89.7 or 8.41 (Accept if first 3 sig figs correct) A1 accept if first four sig figs correct. |
| (b) |  | 10.7 | 1 | B1ft ft if (a) > 3 sig figs |
|  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |



| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16. (a) |  | $56 d^{2}$ | 1 | B1 cao |
| (b) |  | $12 e-20$ | 1 | B1 Accept $-20+12 e$ |
| (c) |  | $f(f-2)$ | 2 | B2 Accept $(f \pm 0)(f-2)$ oe If not B 2 then B 1 for factors when expanded and simplified give 2 terms, 1 of which is correct except B0 for $(f+a)(f-a)$ |
| (d) | $2^{3}+6 \times 2$ or $8+12$ | 20 | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 cao } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Tot |



| Question | Working | Mark | Notes |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 18. | one bearing line at $260^{\circ} \pm 2^{\circ}$ <br> or one 9.6 cm line $( \pm 2 \mathrm{~mm})$ <br> from A | Intersection of 2 lines in <br> boundary of overlay | 2 | M1 |
|  |  |  | A1 $\quad$condone omission of $D$ label <br> Correct position of $D$ within tolerance M1A1. |  |



| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20. | $\begin{aligned} & 167.4-155(=12.4) \\ & " 12.4 " \div 155(=0.08) \end{aligned}$ | 8 | 3 | M1  <br> M1 dep <br> A1 cao <br> If build up ap otherwise M0A | $\begin{aligned} & 167.4 \div 155(=1.08) \\ & " 1.08 "-1(=0.08) \end{aligned}$ <br> h used, award M2A1 | $\begin{aligned} & 167.4 \div 155(=1.08) \\ & " 1.08 " \times 100(=108) \end{aligned}$ <br> correct answer, |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 21. | $\sin 38=\frac{P Q}{12.2}$ or $\cos (90-38)=\frac{P Q}{12.2}$ oe |  |  | M1 | $12.2 \operatorname{cos38(9.61\ldots .)}$and $12.2^{2}-" 9.61 " 2$ <br> $(=56.4 .)$.$\quad(" P Q "=) 12.2 \times \sin 38$ or $12.2 \cos (90-38)$ oe |  |
| eg $\frac{P Q}{\sin 38}=\frac{12.2}{\sin 90}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |



| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23. (a) |  | Correct line drawn | 2 | B2 | Must be a single straight line passing through at least 3 of $(0,4)(2,3)(4,2)(6,1)(8,0)(10,-1)$ <br> If not $B 2$ then $B 1$ for a single straight line with a negative gradient passing through either $(0,4)$ or $(8,0)$ or at least 3 of $(0,4)(2,3)(4,2)(6,1)(8,0)(10,-1)$ plotted or calculated |
| (b) |  | $\begin{array}{r} x=2 \text { drawn } \\ y=1 \text { drawn } \\ \text { Correct region identified } \end{array}$ | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B1 } \\ & \text { B1 } \\ & \text { B1 } \end{aligned}$ | Ignore extra lines <br> Accept R shaded or R' shaded. Condone omission of label |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |


|  |  |  | TOTAL FOR PAPER: 100 MARKS |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

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