1. Join each number to the set of numbers that it belongs to.

One has been done for you.


2 marks
2. Here are five digit cards.


Use each card once to complete the statements below.

3. Circle all the numbers that are greater than 0.6

$$
\begin{array}{lllll}
0.5 & 0.8 & 0.23 & 0.09 & 0.67
\end{array}
$$

4. Write these numbers in order of size, starting with the smallest.

5. Calculate 2006-289
6. Here is a number line.

Estimate the number marked by the arrow.

7. Here are some digit cards.


Write all the three-digit numbers, greater than 500 , that can be made using these cards.

One has been done for you.

626
$\qquad$
8. Write the correct sign >, < or $\boldsymbol{=}$ in each of the following.
$\$$

$$
(10+5)-9 \square
$$

$$
(10+9)-5
$$

$$
3 \times(4+5)
$$

$\square$

$$
(3 \times 4)+5
$$

$$
(10 \times 4) \div 2
$$

$\square$ $10 \times(4 \div 2)$
9. Each missing digit in these calculations is $\mathbf{2 , 5}$ or $\mathbf{7}$

Write in the missing digits.
You may use each digit more than once.

10. Circle the number that is closest to $\mathbf{7 0 0}$
\$ 750
72
651
69
770
11. Use the digits 2,3 and 4 once to make the multiplication which has the greatest product.

12.


Choose three of these number cards to make an even number that is greater than 400

13.


This chart shows the amount of money spent in a toy shop in three months.


How much more money was spent in the shop in December than in November?


1 mark

Stepan says,
'In November there was a 100\% increase on the money spent in October'.

Is he correct?
Circle Yes or No.
Yes / No
Explain how you can tell from the chart.
..........................................................................................................................
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
14. Circle three numbers which add to make 190

## $\begin{array}{lllll}10 & 30 & 50 & 70 & 90\end{array}$

15. Write in the missing number.

16. Circle two numbers which have a difference of 2
$\begin{array}{llllll}-1 & -0.5 & 0 & 0.5 & 1 & 1.5\end{array}$
17. Write in the missing number on this number line.


1 mark
18. On this scale, the arrow $(\uparrow)$ shows the weight of this pineapple.


Here is a different scale.
Mark with an arrow ( $\uparrow$ ) the weight of the same pineapple.

19. Circle two different numbers which multiply together to make 1 million.
$\begin{array}{lllll}10 & 100 & 1000 & 10000 & 100\end{array}$
1 mark
20. Leila knows that
$65 \times 3=195$
Explain how she can use this information to find the answer to this multiplication:
$165 \times 3$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
21. Here is part of a number line.

Write the number shown by the arrow.

22. Here are three digits.


Use all the digits 6, $\mathbf{1}$ and $\mathbf{3}$ to write a number that is between 100 and 140 .


Use all the digits 6, $\mathbf{1}$ and $\mathbf{3}$ to complete this subtraction.

23. Here is part of a number line.

Write in the number indicated by the arrow.

24. Write these numbers in order of size.

25. Write what the two missing digits could be.

26. Here is a table of temperatures at dawn on the same day.

| Temperatures ${ }^{\circ} \mathbf{C}$ |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| London | $-4^{\varrho}$ |
| Moscow | $-6^{\varrho}$ |
| New York | $-9^{\circ}$ |
| Paris | $+6^{\circ}$ |
| Sydney | $+14^{\varrho}$ |

What is the difference in temperature between London and Paris?


At noon the temperature in New York has risen by $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
What is the temperature in New York at noon?


1 mark
27. Write what the three missing digits could be.


1 mark

