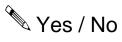
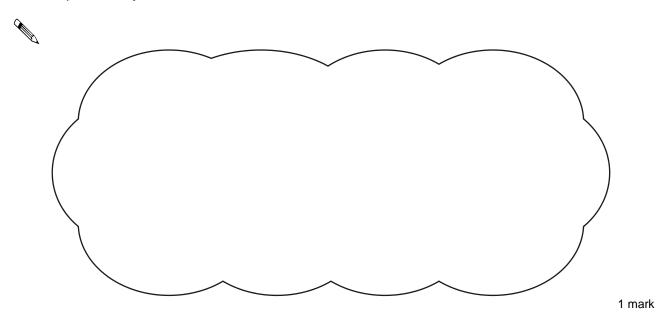
1. A square always has four sides.

Is it true that a four-sided shape is **always** a square?

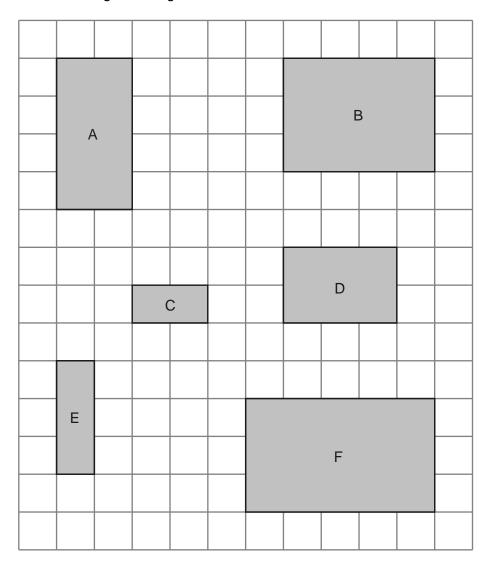
Circle **Yes** or **No**.



Explain how you know.



2. Here are six rectangles on a grid.

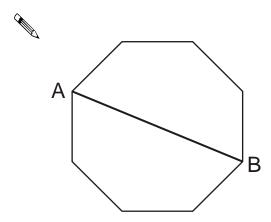


Which **two** rectangles fit together, without overlapping, to make a **square**?

and	
	1 mark

IIIIain

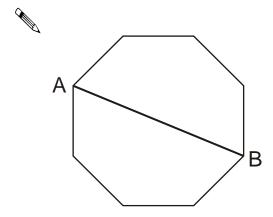
3. Here is a regular octagon with two vertices joined to make the line AB.
Join two other vertices to draw one line that is parallel to the line AB.



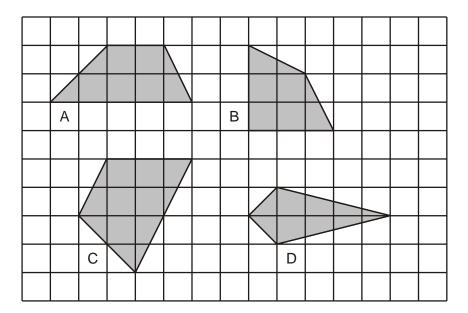
1 mark

Here is the octagon again.

Join two vertices to draw **one** line that is **perpendicular** to the line AB.



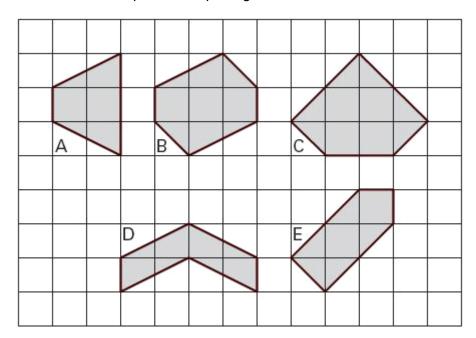
"è4. Here are some shapes on a grid.



Write the letter of each shape that has one pair of parallel sides.

(M)	
M	

5. Here are some shaded shapes on a square grid.



Write the letters of the two shapes which are hexagons.

<i>E</i>	and

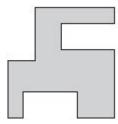
1 mark

Write the letters of the two shapes which have right angles.

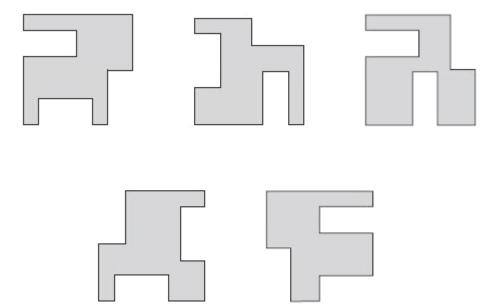
M			
B	 and	 	

6.	Here are four statements.		
	For each statement put a tick () if it is portion put a cross () if it is impossible.	ossible.	
	A triangle can have 2 acute angles.		
	A triangle can have 2 obtuse angles.		
	A triangle can have 2 parallel sides.		
	A triangle can have 2 perpendicular sides.		2 marks
			Z mano

7. Here is a shape.



Put a tick () on the shape below which is the same as the one above.



8. This table shows information about four solid	change

Complete the table.

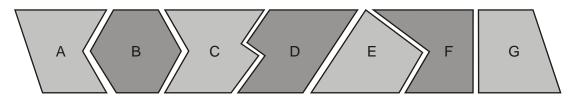
One has been done for you.



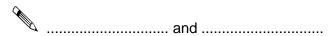
	number of flat surfaces	number of curved surfaces
sphere	0	1
cone		
cuboid		
cylinder		

2 marks

9. Here are seven shapes.



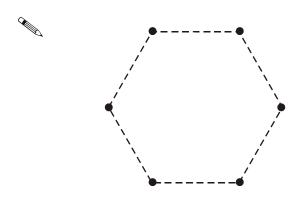
Write the letters of the two shapes which are **pentagons**.



10. Here is a regular hexagon.

Join three of the dots to make an **equilateral** triangle.

Use a ruler.



1 mark

Here is a regular octagon.

Join three of the dots to make an **isosceles** triangle.

Use a ruler.

