Please write clearly in block capitals.	
Centre number	Candidate number
Surname	
Forename(s)	
Candidate signature	

# GCSE PHYSICS

Higher Tier Paper 1

Wednesday 23 May 2018

Afternoon

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

## Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a ruler
- a scientific calculator
- the Physics Equation Sheet (enclosed).

### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions in the space provided.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

### Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.



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0 1.4	Some carpets have thin copper wires running through them. The student is less likely to receive an electric shock after walking on this type of carpet.	Do not write outside the box
	Suggest why. [2 marks]	
		8

02	A teacher used a Geiger-Muller tube and counter to measure the number of counts in 60 seconds for a radioactive rock.	Do not write outside the box
02.1	The counter recorded 819 counts in 60 seconds. The background radiation count rate was 0.30 counts per second.	
	Calculate the count rate for the rock.	
	[3 marks]	
	Count rate = per second	
02.2	A householder is worried about the radiation emitted by the granite worktop in his kitchen.	
	1 kg of granite has an activity of 1250 Bq. The kitchen worktop has a mass of 180 kg.	
	Calculate the activity of the kitchen worktop in Bq.	
	[2 marks]	
	Activity = Bq	
	Question 2 continues on the next page	



0 2 3	The average total radiation dose <b>Table 1</b> shows the effects of radi	per year in the UK is 2.0 millisieverts. ation dose on the human body.	box
	I	Table 1	
	Radiation dose in millisieverts	Effects	
	10 000	Immediate illness; death within a few weeks	
	1000	Radiation sickness; unlikely to cause death	
	100	Lowest dose with evidence of causing cancer	
	Explain why the householder sho from the granite worktop. One year is 365 days.	buld <b>not</b> be concerned about his yearly radiation dose	
02.4	Bananas are a source of backgro radiation dose should be changed Suggest <b>one</b> reason why the Bar aware of radiation risks.	ound radiation. Some people think that the unit of d from sieverts to Banana Equivalent Dose. nana Equivalent Dose may help the public be more [1 mark]	
			8





03.2	Describe how the student would obtain the data needed for the investigation.	Do not write outside the box
	Your answer should include a risk assessment for <b>one</b> hazard in the investigation. [6 marks]	
0 3 . 3	Why would switching off the circuit between readings have improved the accuracy of the student's investigation?	
	Tick <b>one</b> box. [1 mark]	
	The charge flow through the wire would not change.	
	The potential difference of the battery would not increase.	
	The power output of the battery would not increase.	
	The temperature of the wire would not change.	





Turn over ►













04.4	Calculate the percentage increase in speed of the cyclist when the power output changes from 200 W to 300 W.	Do not write outside the box
	Percentage increase in speed =	
04.5	The maximum speed this cyclist can travel on a level road is 14 m/s.	
	How does cycling uphill affect the maximum speed of this cyclist?	
	Explain your answer. [3 marks]	
		11



0 5.1	Complete the se	entence. Choose answers fr	rom the box.		[2 marks]
	charge	potential difference	power	temperature	time
	The current thro	ough an ohmic conductor is	directly prop	ortional to the	
	that the	ac	ross the com	ponent, provided s constant.	
0 5.2	Figure 7 shows	a current – potential differe	ence graph fo	r a filament lamp.	
		Figure 7			
		Current	ntial difference	e	
	Explain how the across it increas	resistance of a filament lanses.	np changes a	as the potential dif	ference [3 marks]





Do not write

	A Light Dependent Resistor (LDR) is used to turn on an outside lamp when it gets dark.	Do not write outside the box
	Part of the circuit is shown in <b>Figure 8</b> .	
	Figure 8	
	+ 12V to outside lamp circuit	
0 5 . 4	The light intensity decreases.	
	what happens to the potential difference across the LDR and the current in the LDR? [2 marks]	
	Potential difference	
	Current	
0 5.5	What is the resistance of the LDR when the potential difference across it is 4 V? Give a reason for your answer. [2 marks]	
	Resistance =Ω	
	Reason	



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	Turn over for the next question		
	Current =	A	14
		[4 marks]	
0 3.0	Give your answer to 2 significant figures.	00 12.	DOX
	Calculate the current through the LDR when the resistance of the LDR is 50		Do not write outside the box





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06.3	The smoke alarm would not work with a radiation source that emits beta or gamma radiation.		Do not write outside the box
	Explain why.	[2 marks]	
	Question 6 continues on the next page		
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0 7.2	Figure 13 shows the position of the student's eye when taking volume	Do not write outside the box
	measurements.	
	Figure 13	
	Explain what type of error would be caused if the student's eye was <b>not</b> in line with	
	[2 marks]	
07.3	If the gas is compressed too quickly the temperature of the gas increases. Explain how the temperature increase would affect the pressure exerted by the gas. [2 marks]	
	Question 7 continues on the next page	
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0 7.4	One of the student's results is given below.		box
	pressure = $1.6 \times 10^5$ Pa volume = $9.0$ cm <sup>3</sup>		
	Calculate the volume of the gas when the pressure was $1.8 \times 10^5$ Pa.		
	The temperature of the gas was constant.	[3 marks]	
	Volume =	cm <sup>3</sup>	







08	Nuclear power stations generate electricity through nuclear fission. Electricity can also be generated by burning shale gas.	Do not write outside the box
08.1	Shale gas is natural gas trapped in rocks. Shale gas can be extracted by a process called fracking. There is some evidence that fracking causes minor earthquakes. Burning shale gas adds carbon dioxide to the atmosphere.	
	Describe the advantages of nuclear power compared with the use of shale gas to generate electricity	
	[3 marks]	
08.2	What is the name of <b>one</b> fuel used in nuclear power stations? [1 mark]	



08.3	Describe the process of nuclear fission.	Do not write outside the box
	[4 marks]	
		8
	Turn over for the next question	
	Turn over ►	







09.3	The coffee machine heats water from 20 °C to 90 °C.	Do not write outside the box
	The power output of the coffee machine is 2.53 kW.	
	The specific heat capacity of water is 4200 J/kg °C.	
	Calculate the mass of water that the coffee machine can heat in 14 seconds.	
	[5 marks]	
	Mass = kg	
		9
	Turn over for the next question	
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1 0	Figure 16 shows a wind turbine.	Do not write outside the box
	Figure 16	
10.1	At a particular wind speed, a volume of $2.3 \times 10^4$ m <sup>3</sup> of air passes the blades each second.	
	The density of air is 1.2 kg/m <sup>3</sup> .	
	Calculate the mass of air passing the blades per second. [3 marks]	
	Mass of air per second = kg	
10.2	The power output of the turbine is directly proportional to the kinetic energy of the air passing the blades each second.	
	Describe the effect on the power output when the wind speed is halved. [3 marks]	



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10.3	At a different wind speed, the wind turbine has a power output of 388 kW. The mass of air passing the wind turbine each second is 13 800 kg. Calculate the speed of the air passing the blades each second. Assume that the process is 100% efficient.	[3 marks]	Do not write outside the box
	Speed of air =	m/s	9
	END OF QUESTIONS		





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