Sc KEY STAGE

5-7

2004

Science test Paper 1

Please read this page, but do not open the booklet until your teacher tells you to start. Write your name and the name of your school in the spaces below.

First name	
Last name	
School	

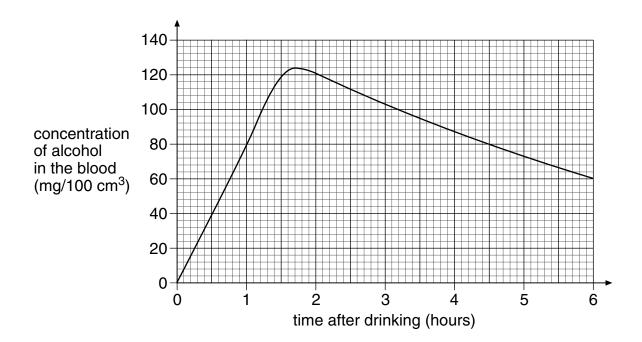
Remember

- The test is 1 hour long.
- You will need: pen, pencil, rubber, ruler, protractor and calculator.
- The test starts with easier questions.
- Try to answer all of the questions.
- The number of marks available for each question is given below the mark boxes in the margin. You should not write in this margin.
- Do not use any rough paper.
- Check your work carefully.
- Ask your teacher if you are not sure what to do.

For marker's use only

Total marks

1. (a) The graph below shows how the concentration of alcohol in a person's blood changed after drinking alcoholic drinks.



It is illegal to drive if the concentration of alcohol in the blood is higher than $80 \text{ mg}/100 \text{ cm}^3$.

Use the graph to find out how long the concentration of alcohol in this person's blood was higher than 80 mg/100 cm³.

____ hours

(b) Why does alcohol in the blood increase the chance of having an accident? Tick the correct box.

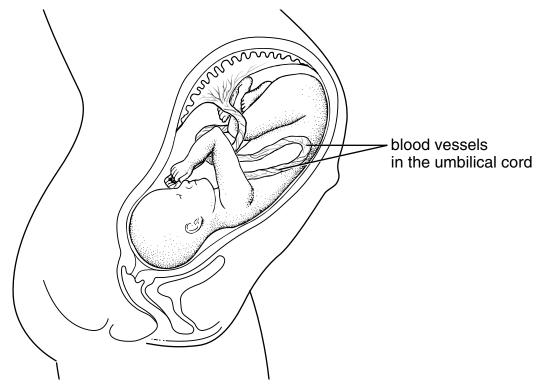
It causes slurred It dulls the senses of speech. It dulls the senses of taste and smell.

It increases the size It increases the time of the pupil in the eye.

1 mark

1 mark

(c)	Alcohol is absorbed into the bloodstream from the stomach. Digested food is absorbed into the blood from a different part of the digestive system. Give the name of this part.
(d)	Give the name of one organ that is damaged by drinking a lot of alcohol over a long period of time.
(e)	The drawing below shows a foetus in its mother's uterus.



If a pregnant woman drinks large quantities of alcohol, the blood vessels in the umbilical cord may get very narrow for a while.

Give one way this could affect the foetus.				

1 mark

1 mark

maximum 5 marks

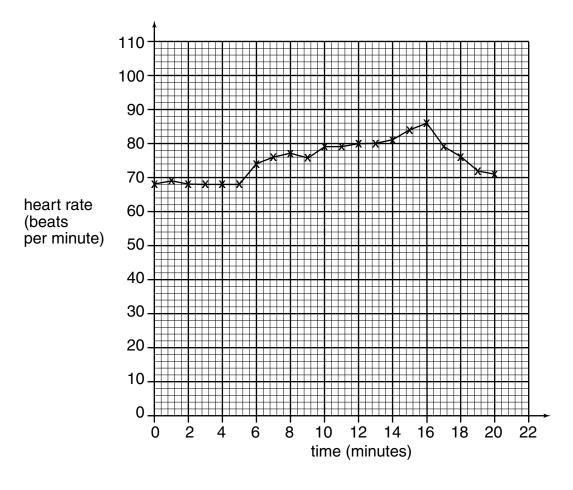
Total

2. Harry investigated the effects of fizzy cola drink on his heart rate.

First he measured his heart rate every minute for 5 minutes when sitting down. Then he drank some cola.

He continued to measure his heart rate at regular intervals.

This is a graph of his results.



2a 1 mark

> Harry says cola affects his heart rate. (b)

before drinking his cola?

What evidence is there in the graph to support his idea that cola affects his heart rate?

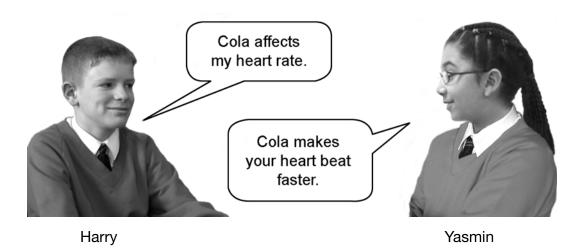
Why did Harry measure his heart rate every minute for 5 minutes



1 mark

(a)

(c) Harry and Yasmin came to the following conclusions.



	v Yasmin's conclusion is better than Harry's conclusion.
Yasmin said drinks fizzy	d, "We should also measure Harry's heart rate after he water".
	measuring Harry's heart rate after he drinks fizzy water investigation?

2c 1 mark

2d

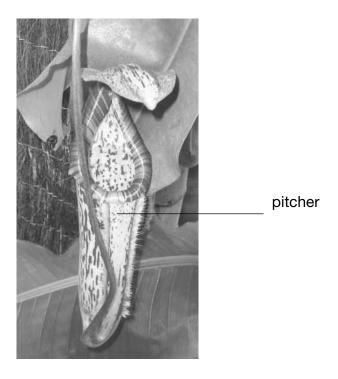
1 mark

maximum 4 marks



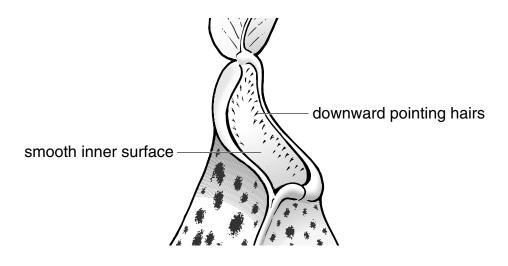
- 3. (a) Plants need nitrogen compounds for growth.

 Give the name of the type of plant cell that absorbs water and nitrogen compounds from the soil.
 - (b) The photograph shows a pitcher plant.
 Pitcher plants get nitrogen compounds from insects.
 They digest insects in leaves shaped like containers called pitchers.



In the bottom of the pitcher there is a liquid. Insects are attracted to the plant. They fall into the liquid.

The inner surface of the pitcher is very smooth and slippery with downward pointing hairs as shown below.



pointing hairs.		n, slippery surface wi			
	_	ne liquid. They produ	ıce enzyme	s to	
help digest the ir Both the bacteria digestion.		lant absorb some of	the product	ts of	
How does the nu of these useful b		nat fall into the liquid	affect the n	umber	
	o have ordinary gı	reen leaves where ph	notosynthes	is	
takes place.	o have ordinary gi	·	notosynthes	is	
takes place. (i) Complete the	word equation fo	·			
takes place. (i) Complete the	word equation fo	r photosynthesis.			
takes place. (i) Complete the (ii) Glucose is a	word equation fo + water carbohydrate. ohydrates needed	or photosynthesis. → glucose +			
takes place. (i) Complete the (ii) Glucose is a Why are carb	word equation for the water of	or photosynthesis. → glucose +			

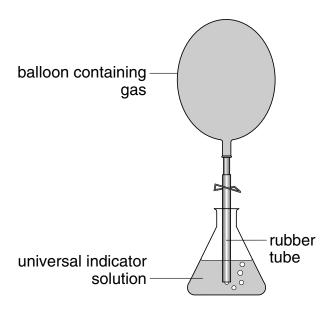
maximum 6 marks

Total

4. A scientist compared the acidity of four gases to see which gas might cause acid rain.

She used four balloons to collect the gases.

She then bubbled the gases, in turn, through a fresh sample of green, neutral, universal indicator solution.



(a) Three of the gases caused the indicator to change colour.

The scientist added drops of alkali to the indicator until the indicator changed back to green.

Her results are shown in the table below.

gases collected	change in colour of indicator	number of drops of alkali needed to change the indicator back to green
exhaust gases from a car	green to red	31
carbon dioxide	green to red	160
air	no change	0
human breath	green to yellow	10

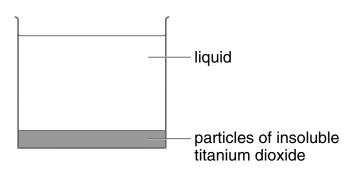
	Use information in the table opposite to answer part (i) and part (ii) below.		
(i)	Which gas dissolved to form the most acidic solution?		
	Explain your choice.		
		1 mark	4ai
(ii)	Which gas formed a neutral solution?	Tillean	
	Explain your choice.		
		1 mark	4aii
(iii)	What effect does an alkali have on an acid?	1 mark	4aiii
Co	me metals react with acids in the air. mplete the word equation for the reaction between zinc and drochloric acid.	1 mark	4b
zino	c + hydrochloric → + acid	1 mark	4b

maximum 5 marks

(b)

5. (a) Samantha opened a tin of white paint. The paint consisted of a liquid and particles of titanium dioxide that are insoluble in the liquid.

The paint had separated into two layers, as shown below.



(i) What type of substance is the paint? Tick the correct box.

5ai a compound

an element

a mixture

(ii) What type of substance is titanium dioxide? Tick the correct box.

a compound

an element

(iii) Why did the particles of insoluble titanium dioxide sink to the bottom?

a mixture

5aiii

1 mark

5aii

(b) Samantha stirred the paint and used it to paint a window frame. She got some of the paint on the glass.



Samantha could **not** get the paint off the glass with water. When she used a different liquid called white spirit the paint came off.

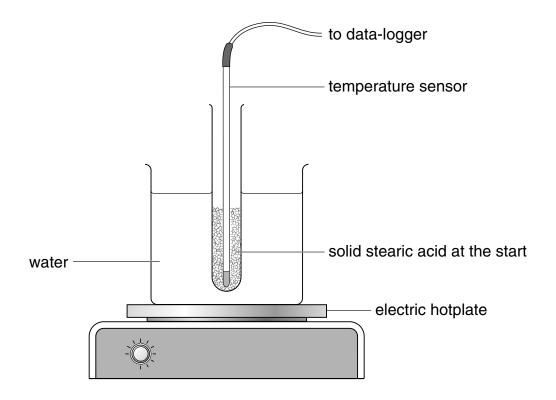
Why could she remove the paint with white spirit but not with water?

5b

1 mark

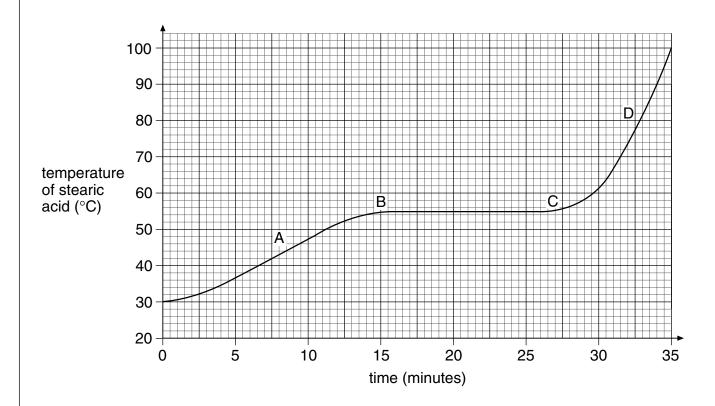
maximum 4 marks

6. Alan put a test-tube containing solid stearic acid into a beaker of cold water. He heated the water until it boiled.



He used a temperature sensor attached to a data-logger to record the temperature of the stearic acid over a period of 35 minutes.

A graph of the results is shown below.



Stea	ıric a	cid is a solid at room temperature.		
(a)	(i)	Which letter on the graph opposite shows the point at which the stearic acid began to change state?		,
			1 mark	6ai
	(ii)	Use the graph to find the temperature at which the stearic acid began to change state.		1
		°C	1 mark	6aii
	(iii)	Look at the graph. What was the physical state of the stearic acid:		6aiii
		at point A?	1 mark]
		at point D?	1 mark	6aiii
(b)	The	e test-tube transfers thermal energy from the water to the stearic acid.		
		what method is most of the thermal energy transferred? k the correct box.		
		conduction evaporation		
		convection radiation	1 mark	6b
(c)	The	earic acid boils at 360°C. e stearic acid could not boil in this experiment. e the reason for this.	T Hidak	
				6c
			1 mark	

maximum 6 marks

Total

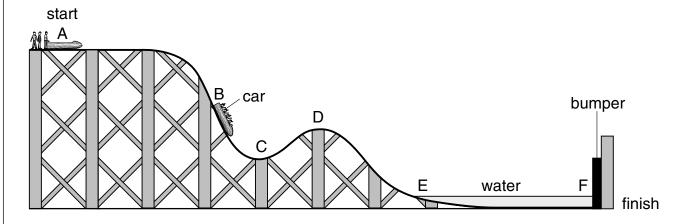
6

7. The photograph shows some pupils in a log car on a theme-park ride.



The drawing below shows the ride.

The letters A, B, C, D, E and F show different points along the track.



The car starts from A and travels to F, where it stops by hitting a bumper. At E the car enters a trench filled with water.

(a)	(i)	At which two points does the car have no kinetic energy?
		Give the two correct letters.

____ and ____

(ii) At which point does the car have the **most** gravitational potential energy? Give the correct letter.

7aii

1 mark

	(iii)	At which point does the car have some kinetic energy and the least gravitational potential energy? Give the correct letter.		
b)	(i)	The cars are not powered by a motor. What force causes the cars to move along the track from B to C?		
	(ii)	When a car splashes through the water at E, it slows down. What force acts on the car to slow it down?		
c)		mplete the sentence below by choosing from the following words. hemical gravitational potential kinetic		
	C	hemical gravitational potential kinetic light sound thermal		
	Wh	nen the car hits the bumper at F, its energy		
	is t	ransferred into energy and		
		energy.		

maximum 8 marks

8

1 mark

1 mark

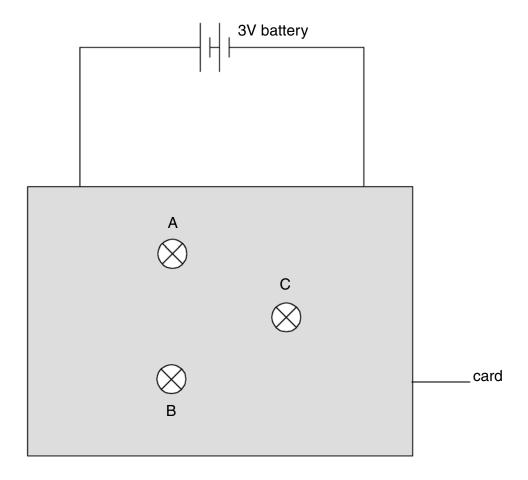
1 mark

1 mark

1 mark

1 mark

8. Imran built a puzzle circuit with three identical bulbs and a 3V battery. He covered the connections to the bulbs with a piece of card as shown below. The bulbs could be seen through holes in the card.



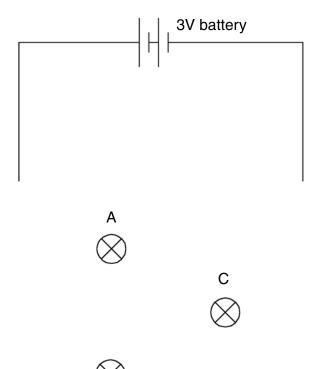
All the bulbs were on but their brightness was different.

Lucy removed bulbs A, B and C in turn. Before connecting each bulb back into the circuit she observed the effect on the other two bulbs. She recorded her observations in the table below.

bulb removed	observations
А	B and C stayed on
В	C went off A stayed on
С	B went off A stayed on

(a) Complete the circuit diagram below to show how the three bulbs could be connected.

Use your knowledge of series and parallel circuits, and the observations in the table to help you.



	8a
1 mark	
	8a

(<u>)</u>

(b) Imran used three identical bulbs but their brightness was different.

Which bulb was the brightest? Give the letter.

Give the reason for your choice.

(c) Imran added a switch to the circuit so that he could turn all three bulbs on and off at the same time.

Place a letter ${\bf S}$ on your circuit diagram where this switch could be placed.

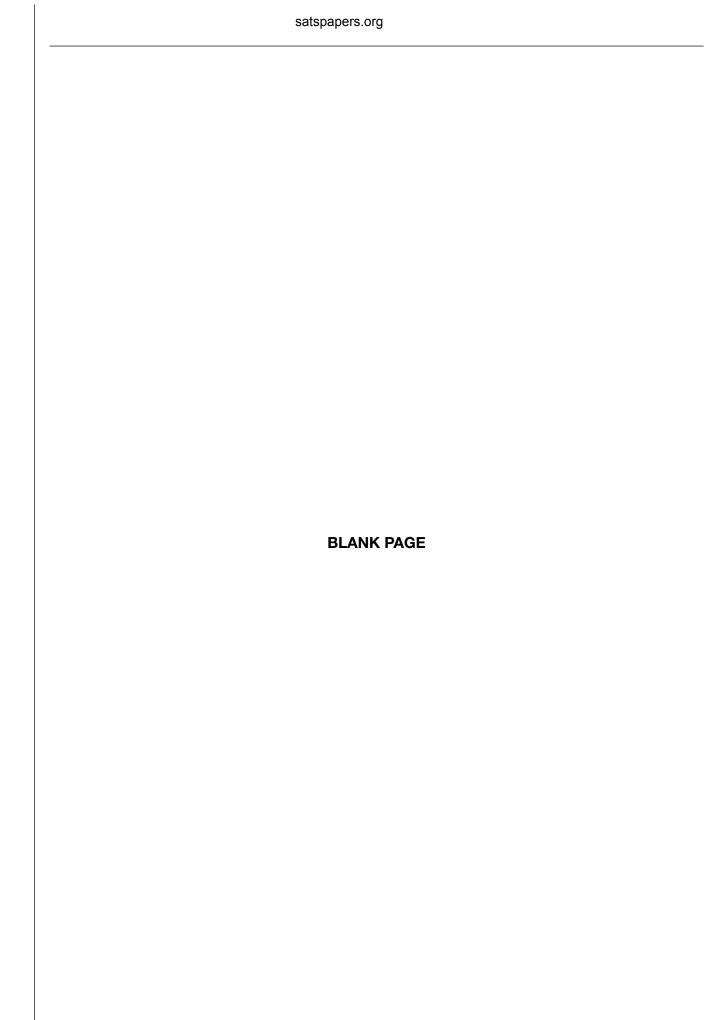
8b

1 mark

8c 1 mark

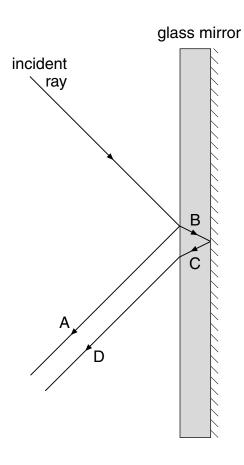
maximum 4 marks

Total



9. The diagram shows a ray of light hitting the surface of a mirror made from thick glass.

The incident ray is both reflected and refracted.



1-1	/ '\	
(a)	(1)	Give the letters of the two reflected rays.

____ and ____

(ii) Give the letter of **one** refracted ray.

The incident ray is brighter than ray A. (b)

Give one reason for this.

maximum 3 marks

1 mark

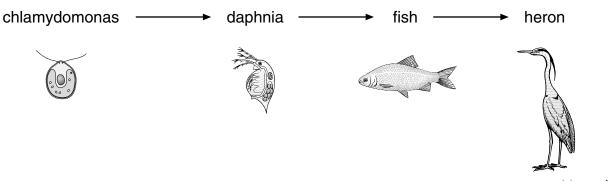
9b

1 mark

Total

3

- 10. Scientists measured the concentration of the insecticide, DDT, in three animals and a microscopic plant called chlamydomonas.
 - (a) The food chain for these four organisms is shown below.

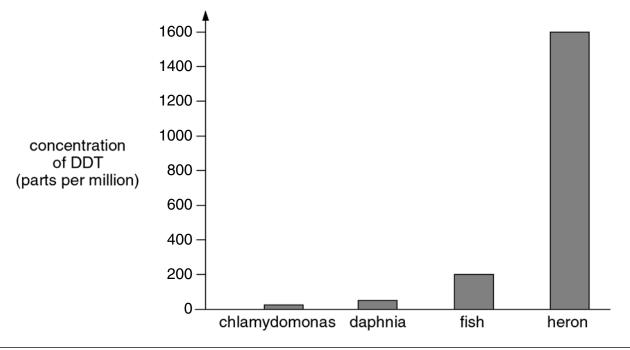


not to scale

(i) **In the space below**, draw the pyramid of numbers for this food chain. Write the name of the correct organism next to each section of the pyramid.

10ai

(ii) The bar chart shows the concentration of DDT in the four organisms.



Give one reason for the difference in the concentration of DDT in these organisms.	
	10aii
n 1970 the average concentration of DDT in the tissues of sea lions in California was 760 parts per million. Ilearly half the sea lion pups born in that year died because of high levels f DDT in their tissues.	
low does DDT get from the body of a mother sea lion into the body of er pup:	
) before the pup is born?	
	10bi
i) after the pup is born?	
	10bii

Total

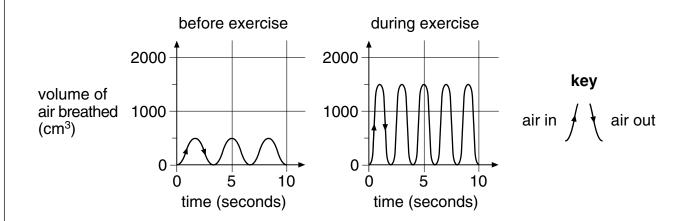
maximum 4 marks

(b)

11. Joanne measured the volume of air she breathed in and out of her lungs. She used the machine shown in the photograph below.



The graphs represent the volume of air Joanne breathed in and out with each breath **before** and **during** exercise.



- (a) During exercise Joanne breathed more air in and out of her lungs than before exercising.
 - (i) How much **more** air did Joanne breathe in with each breath during exercise?

_____ cm³

	(ii)	Explain fully why Joanne needed to breathe in more air during exercise.		
				11aii
			1 mark	
				11aii
			1 mark	
				11aii
			1 mark	
(b)	(i)	As Joanne exercised, the volume of air she breathed in and out increased.		
		Give one other way Joanne's breathing changed during exercise.		
				11bi
			1 mark	
	(ii)	How does the graph show this other change?		
				11bii
			1 mark	

maximum 6 marks

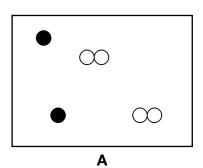
Total

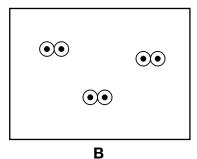
12. In the 19th Century, a scientist called John Dalton used symbols to represent atoms. The symbols he used for atoms of three different elements are shown below.

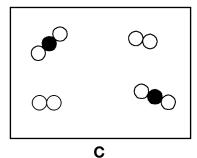
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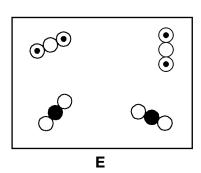
The diagrams below show different combinations of these atoms.







D



(a) (i) Give the letter of the diagram which shows a mixture of **two** elements.

(ii) Give the letter of the diagram which shows a mixture of two compounds.

(iii) Give the letter of the diagram which shows a mixture of an element and a compound.

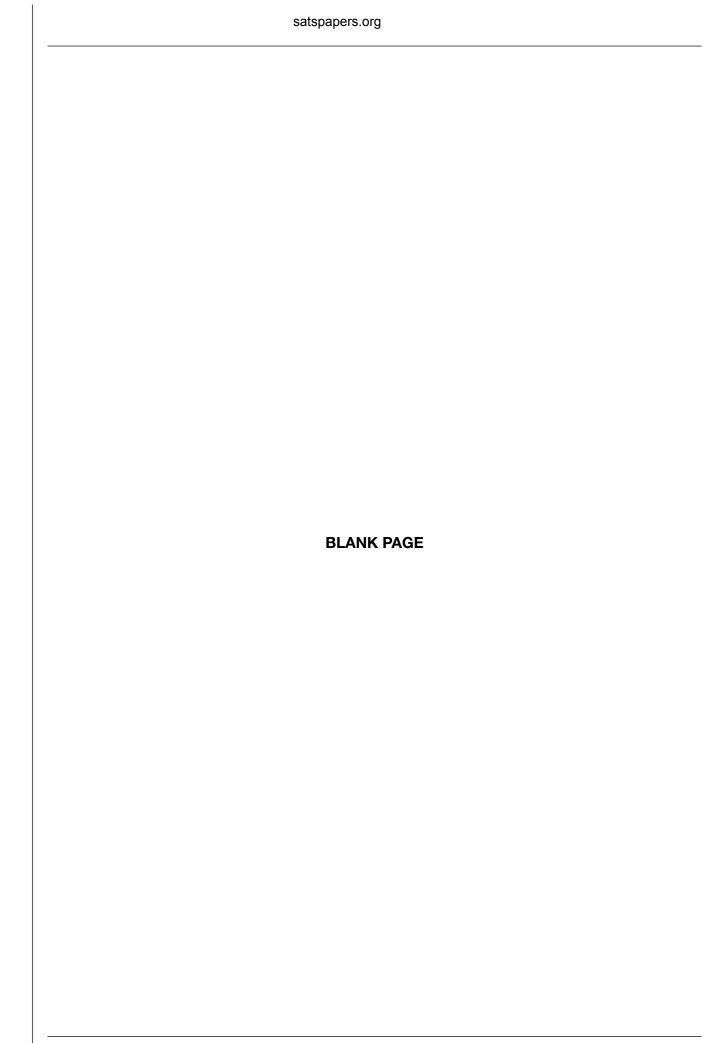
12aii 1 mark



Giv	ve one difference between a compound and a mixture.		
			12b
		1 mark	
(i)	Suggest a name and formula for the substance represented in diagram B.		
	name		
	formula	1 mark	12c
(ii)	Suggest a name and formula for the substance represented in diagram D.		
	name		
	formula	1 mark	12c
	(i)	diagram B. name formula (ii) Suggest a name and formula for the substance represented in diagram D. name	(i) Suggest a name and formula for the substance represented in diagram B. name formula (ii) Suggest a name and formula for the substance represented in diagram D. name formula

maximum 6 marks

Total



13. The chemical name for pure limestone is calcium carbonate. When calcium carbonate is heated to a temperature above 825°C it produces calcium oxide and carbon dioxide.



(a) Complete the symbol equation for this reaction.

	1
1 mark	

 $CaCO_3 \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

(b) The photograph shows a limestone statue that has been changed by acid rain.



Some gases which pollute the air dissolve in rainwater to form acids.

(i) Give the name of a gas which dissolves in rainwater, leading to the formation of sulphuric acid.



(ii) Complete the word equation for the reaction between calcium carbonate and sulphuric acid.

calcium + sulphuric → _____ + ____ + water carbonate acid

1 mark	
	13k

1 mark

13bii

maximum 5 marks

14.

'Wilting roses are a thing of the past.'

Scientists at the University of Leeds have found a way to modify the genes of flowering plants.

They claim that flowers from modified plants remain fresh in a vase of water for up to six months longer than flowers from unmodified plants.



Plan an investigation you could carry out in the school laboratory to test the claim that flowers from modified plants last for much longer than flowers from unmodified plants.

You will be provided with flowers from modified plants and from unmodified plants.

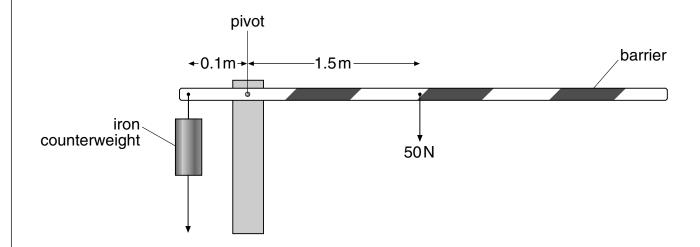
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111	youi	piaii	GIV C

- the one factor you will change as you carry out your investigation;
 (This is the independent variable.)
- the factor you will measure;
 (This is the dependent variable.)
- one of the factors you should control to ensure a fair test;
 the time scale for the investigation

the time scale for the investigation.

maximum 4 marks

15. (a) The diagram below shows a car park barrier.



	15ai
1 mark	ı



15aii

(1)	Give the unit.

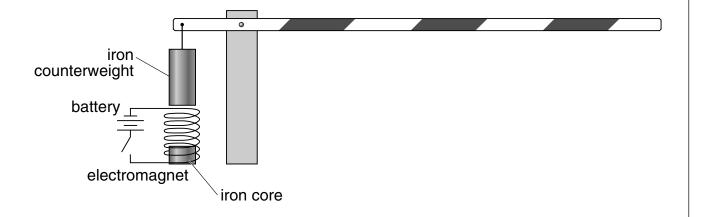
(ii) The barrier is horizontal.

The weight of the barrier is balanced by an iron counterweight.

Calculate the downward force produced by the counterweight.

Ν

An electromagnet is placed beneath the iron counterweight as shown below. (b)



When the switch is closed the barrier rises. Explain how the electromagnet can be used to raise the barrier.

15b

15b

maximum 5 marks

END OF TEST