## GCSE MARKING SCHEME

SUMMER 2018

GCSE (NEW)<br>MATHEMATICS - NUMERACY UNIT 2 - FOUNDATION TIER 3310U20-1

## INTRODUCTION

This marking scheme was used by WJEC for the 2018 examination. It was finalised after detailed discussion at examiners' conferences by all the examiners involved in the assessment. The conference was held shortly after the paper was taken so that reference could be made to the full range of candidates' responses, with photocopied scripts forming the basis of discussion. The aim of the conference was to ensure that the marking scheme was interpreted and applied in the same way by all examiners.

It is hoped that this information will be of assistance to centres but it is recognised at the same time that, without the benefit of participation in the examiners' conference, teachers may have different views on certain matters of detail or interpretation.

WJEC regrets that it cannot enter into any discussion or correspondence about this marking scheme.

## WJEC GCSE MATHEMATICS - NUMERACY (NEW)

## SUMMER 2018 MARK SCHEME

| GCSE Mathematics - Numeracy <br> Unit 2: Foundation Tier Summer 2018 |  |  |  | Mark | Comment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.(a) 8907 (miles) |  |  |  | B1 |  |
| (b) $8907 \times 3$ OR $8900 \times 3$ OR $8910 \times 3$ 26721 or 26700 or 26730 27000(miles) |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \\ & \text { B1 } \end{aligned}$ | FT 'their 8907' or 'their 8907' rounded <br> FT rounding 'their 26721' if equivalent difficulty. <br> Alternative: <br> 8907 rounds to 9000 B1 <br> FT 'their 8907'rounded to the nearest <br> thousand. <br> $9000 \times 3$ M1 <br> 27000(miles) A1 <br> If no marks awarded, SC1 for a final answer in the range 26000 to 27000 that is a multiple of 10 . |
| 2. (a)(i) 227 (miles) |  |  |  | B1 |  |
| (a)(ii) |  |  |  | B2 | B1 for incorrect place names with correct totals 82,61 and 84 in correct order. <br> Or <br> B1 for incorrect place names with totals that sum to 'their 227'. <br> Or <br> B1 for correct place names with one or more incorrect totals or totals omitted. <br> Or <br> B1 for one or more correct rows. <br> Or <br> B1 for Broad Haven to Kidwelly 78 (miles) or for Kidwelly to Pontypridd 69 (miles) |
| Day | Starting from | Going to | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Distance } \\ \text { (miles) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 1 | Fishguard | Laugharne | 82 |  |  |
| 2 | Laugharne | Mumbles | 61 |  |  |
| 3 | Mumbles | Chepstow | 84 |  |  |

2. (b) A valid explanation involving appropriate calculation(s)
e.g. ' $425 \div 5=85$ so he would have to ride 85 miles every day but his first three days are all less than 85 so the last two days would be more than 85 '.
' $227+85+85=397$ which is not enough to get him to London.'
'(425-227) $\div 2=99$. So, the last two days will need an average of 99 miles per day'.
' $425-227-85=113$ so the $5^{\text {th }}$ day will need 113 miles'.
' $425-227-85-85=28$ so there will be 28 miles left after 5 days.
$425 \div 5=85$ so each day needs 85 miles on average but three days had less than 85 miles
' $85 \times 5=425$. If each day was 85 miles he would travel 425 miles but the first three days are less than 85 miles.

E2 FT 'their 227'
Award E1 for sight of an appropriate calculation(s) that could lead to a correct explanation
e.g. $227+85+85$ or 397 ,

Or $(425-227) \div 2$ or $198 \div 2$ or 99
Or 425-227-85 or 113
Or $425-227-85-85$ or 28
Or $425 \div 5$
Or $425 \div 85$
Or $85 \times 5$
E1 NOT awarded for 85 or 425 alone
Or E1 for an appropriate explanation without supporting calculation e.g. 'It will take him 6 days for the whole journey to London.
Or 'It will take him one extra day.'
Or 'When he arrives at Chepstow he will have 198 miles to go to London and this is not enough with 85 miles each day

Do not accept a response containing only a repeat of the facts of the question

FT 'their 227' provided their answer is consistent with the ride NOT being possible and 170<'their 227 '<255.

B1
3.(a) (Gas Mark) 4

| 3.(b) Fan oven | B1 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 3.(c) $(90-25=) 65$ (minutes) ISW | B1 | Allow I hour and 5 (minutes). ISW <br> Units need not be stated but if given, must <br> be correct. |

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline 4(a) \(6 \pm 0.2(\mathrm{~cm})\) or \(60 \pm 2(\mathrm{~mm})\) \& B1 \& Units need not be stated but if given, must be correct. \\
\hline 4.(b) \(12 \pm 0.4\) (m) \& B1 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
FT 'their \(6 \pm 0.2\) ' \(\times 2\) provided answer (a) in cm. \\
Do not FT from an answer in mm unless the scale is correctly applied i.e. 10 mm is 2 m \\
If no units stated in (a), FT 'their (a)' provided \(\leq 8\).
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 4.(c)
\[
[(6 \pm 0.2) \times 3+(4.2 \pm 0.2)] \times 2
\]
\[
44.4 \pm 1.6(\mathrm{~m})
\] \& M2

A1 \& | Measurements could be seen on the diagram |
| :--- |
| FT from (a) or (b) for M2 or M1 M1 for $(6 \pm 0.2) \times 3+(4.2 \pm 0.2)(\mathrm{cm})$ provided consistent units used. |
| Or M1 for sight of $(6 \pm 0.2) \times 3 \times 2(\mathrm{~cm})$ |
| Or M1 for sight of $(4.2 \pm 0.2) \times 2(\mathrm{~cm})$ |
| Or M1 for $(6 \pm 0.2) \times 4 \times 2(\mathrm{~cm})$ $(6 \pm 0.2) \times 3$ could be the sum of different measurements each within tolerance. |
| FT for A1 only if M1 involves the total of four lengths. |
| If no marks, award SC1 for an unsupported answer of $22.2 \pm 0.8$ | <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}



| 6. (a) (i) (£) 139.5(0) | B1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { (a) (ii) } 23 \times 10.60-21.39 \\ \text { (£) } 222.41 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \end{aligned}$ | Treat $19 \times 10.60-21.39=(£) 180.01$ as a misread |
| (a) (iii) $\begin{array}{r}(£ 222.41-£ 139.50=) \\ (£) 82.91\end{array}$ | B1 | FT 'their £222.41' and 'their £139.50'. |
| (b) (Total hours worked) $5+5+41 / 2+51 / 2$ <br> 20 (hours) AND Qualified box ticked. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \end{aligned}$ | Accept a convincing reasoned argument for 20 (hours) and Trainee. e.g. lunch breaks each day means they actually work for less than 19 hours. <br> If no marks, award SC1 for one identifiable slip in hours worked leading to a consistent conclusion. |
| (c) $8 / 100 \times 1760$ <br> (£) $140.8(0)$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \end{aligned}$ | Or equivalent method Ignore subsequent working such as (£) $1760-(£) 140.8(0)=(£) 1619.2(0)$ Or $(£) 1760+(£) 140.8(0)=(£) 1900.8(0)$ M1 A0 for unsupported or correctly supported answer of (£)1619.2(0) or (£)1900.8(0) |
| 7(a) 180 | B1 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 7(b) Angle measured } 135^{\circ} \pm 2^{\circ} \\ & 2 / 5 \times 135^{\circ} \\ & =54\left({ }^{\circ}\right) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B} 1 \\ & \mathrm{M} 1 \\ & \\ & \text { A1 } \end{aligned}$ | FT for angles other than $135^{\circ} \pm 2^{\circ}$ provided < $360^{\circ}$ <br> Accept angles in the range $53\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$ to $55\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$ |
| $\begin{aligned} \hline 7 \text { (c) } 720-0.45 \times 720 \text { or } 0.55 \times 720 \\ 396 \text { (males) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \end{aligned}$ | For complete method <br> If no marks, award SC1 for sight of 324 (females) |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 8 \text { (a) (Fresh water charge £) } \\ 25.25 \times 1.08 \\ (=27.27) \\ \text { (Waste water charge } £) 22.31 \times 1.70 \\ (=37.927) \\ \text { (Total bill £27.27+£37.927 }=£) \\ 65.19(7) \text { or } 65.2(0) \\ \text { Undercharged }(\text { by }) \\ (£) 6.4(0) \text { or }(£) 6.39(7) \end{gathered}$ | M1 <br> M1 <br> A1 <br> B1 | CAO <br> Must state under charged and the amount, however accept -(£)6.4(0) or -(£)6.39(7) <br> FT difference between 'their derived total' and $£ 58.80$ with appropriate conclusion, over or under charged |


| $\begin{aligned} & 9 \text { (Cost of } 1 \text { apple } 78 \div 3=) 26(\mathrm{p}) \\ & (\text { Cost of } 1 \text { pear }=\text { ) }(1(.) 22-26) \div 3 \\ & \quad(=) 32(p) \\ & \text { (Cost of } 5 \text { pears }+2 \text { apples }=) \\ & 5 \times(0 .) 32+2 \times(0 .) 26 \\ & \text { or } 1(.) 60+(0 .) 52) \\ & \quad(=)(£) 2.12 \text { or } 212(p) \\ & \text { (Change } £ 5-2.12=) \quad \text { (£)2.88 } \end{aligned}$ | B1 <br> M1 <br> A1 <br> M1 <br> A1 <br> B1 | Accept 0.26 p only if used correctly in further working <br> Allow intention to divide by 3 <br> FT 'their 26 ' provided evidence of $78 \div 3$ <br> Algebraic notation is not required <br> Allow inconsistent place value for M1 only, unless corrected later, <br> i.e. 3 pears $+26=1.22$ or <br> 3 pears $=1.22-26$ <br> FT $5 \times$ 'their (0.) 32 ' $+2 \times$ 'their (0.)26' <br> Allow inconsistent place value for M1 only, unless corrected later <br> If units are given they must be correct <br> FT provided at least 3 previous marks are awarded <br> Do not penalise incorrect units if already penalised, otherwise penalise incorrect units -1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10(a) 48 cm | B1 |  |
| 10(b) 1:15 p.m. and 1:30 p.m. | B1 |  |
| 10(c) Suitable explanation, e.g. 'water level drops', 'depth of the water falls', 'depth is decreasing (during low tide)', 'depth of water is decreasing', 'water level decreased at night', 'tide goes down' | E1 | Ignore any additional comments or values <br> Must refer to 'water' or 'depth' <br> Allow, e.g. <br> 'when the water starts to run shallower' <br> Do not accept, e.g. 'negative gradient', 'goes down', 'decrease going into the evening', 'depth of river is lower at this time', 'when the water starts to run shallow', 'river is dropping', <br> 'it drops', <br> 'it is decreasing', <br> 'it goes down' |
| 10(d) 1 hour | B1 |  |


| 11(a) 24.25 suitcase symbols $9700 \div 24.25$ <br> (Represents) 400 (people) | B1 <br> M1 <br> A1 | FT 'their 24.25' provided $\geq 23$ <br> Allow M1 for sight of any one of <br> - $422 \times 23=9706$ <br> - $404 \times 24=9696$ <br> - $388 \times 25=9700$ <br> $24.25 \div 9700$ is MO, unless 400 seen <br> FT provided 'their 400 ' is rounded to a whole number of people Do not allow an embedded answer with a multiplication <br> Unsupported 400 (people) is awarded all 3 marks <br> (Note: <br> $9700 \div 23$ gives 421 or 422 people $9700 \div 23.25$ gives 417 or 418 people $9700 \div 23.75$ gives 408 or 409 people $9700 \div 24$ gives 404 or 405 people $9700 \div 25$ gives 388 people $9700 \div 26$ gives 373 or 374 people $9700 \div 27$ gives 359 or 360 people $9700 \div 28$ gives 346 or 347 people $9700 \div 29$ gives 334 or 335 people $9700 \div 30$ gives 323 or 324 people) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 (b) $590 \times 0.6(0) \div 1.18$ or equivalent <br> (£) 300 | M3 | Ignore any additional incorrect calculations for M2 or M1 <br> M2 for $590 \times 0.6(0)(=354)$ or equivalent, or <br> M1 for $590 \div 1.18(=500)$ <br> OR <br> M1 for 590 - 'their 40\% of 590' AND M1 for 'their $60 \%$ ' $\div 1.18$ <br> CAO. <br> Accept an embedded answer, $300 \times 1.18=354$ <br> An answer of ( $£$ )200, from $590 \times 0.4(0) \div 1.18$ is awarded M1 (for $590 \div 1.18$ ) and then SC1 |



