## GCSE MARKING SCHEME

SUMMER 2019

GCSE
MATHEMATICS - UNIT 1 (FOUNDATION TIER)
$3300 \mathrm{U} 10-1$

## INTRODUCTION

This marking scheme was used by WJEC for the 2019 examination. It was finalised after detailed discussion at examiners' conferences by all the examiners involved in the assessment. The conference was held shortly after the paper was taken so that reference could be made to the full range of candidates' responses, with photocopied scripts forming the basis of discussion. The aim of the conference was to ensure that the marking scheme was interpreted and applied in the same way by all examiners.

It is hoped that this information will be of assistance to centres but it is recognised at the same time that, without the benefit of participation in the examiners' conference, teachers may have different views on certain matters of detail or interpretation.

WJEC regrets that it cannot enter into any discussion or correspondence about this marking scheme.

## WJEC GCSE MATHEMATICS

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| 5(a) $481 \cdot 63$ | B1 | Do not accept 481•630 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5(b) 64 | B1 |  |
| 5(c) 7 | B1 | Do not accept $7 \times 7$ or 7x7=49 alone. |
| 5(d) (0) 03825 | B1 |  |
| Ribbon mark 6(a),(b),(c),(d) 6(a) Football | B1 |  |
| Ribbon mark 6(a),(b),(c),(d) 6(b) $1 / 4$ or equivalent ISW | B1 | Do not accept incorrect notation; e.g. 1 in 4,1 out of 4, 1:4. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ribbon mark 6(a),(b),(c),(d) } \\ & 6(c) 1 / 4 \times 60 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \end{aligned}$ | Accept 15 out of 60. <br> Award SC1 only, for a final answer of 15/60 |
| Ribbon mark 6(a),(b),(c),(d) <br> 6(d) Correctly labelled axes. <br> Uniform scale starting from zero. Correct equal width bars for football, swimming and tennis. | B1 <br> B1 <br> B1 | Vertical axis labelled 'number (of people)' or 'people' or 'frequency' AND horizontal axis marked with the sports. <br> Correct heights for 'their scale' (30 and 15) <br> FT their (c) if possible: <br> 'their swimming' = 'their tennis' AND <br> either 'their football' $=2 \mathrm{x}$ 'their tennis' or 'their football' $=60-2 \times$ 'their tennis'. <br> If no scale visible, allow final B1 for bars drawn in correct proportions. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 7.(Number across }=20 \div 4=) 5 \\ & \text { OR ( Number down }=6 \div 2=\text { ) } 3 \\ & \text { (Total number of small rectangles }=\text { ) } 5 \times 3 \end{aligned}$ | B1 <br> M1 <br> A1 | Sight of 5 or 3, not in incorrect statement or working FT 'their stated across and down' CAO |
| 7. Alternative method (Area rectangle $A=2 \times 4=$ ) 8 ( $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ ) $O R$ (Area rectangle $B=6 \times 20=$ ) $120\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{2}\right)$ <br> (No. of rectangle $A=$ ) $120 \div 8$ | B1 <br> M1 <br> A1 | Sight of 8 or 120, not in incorrect statement or working <br> FT 'their stated areas' <br> CAO |
| Organisation and Communication | OC1 | For OC1, candidates will be expected to: <br> - present their response in a structured way <br> - explain to the reader what they are doing at each step of their response <br> - lay out their explanation and working in a way that is clear and logical <br> - write a conclusion that draws together their results and explains what their answer means |


| 8(a) $5 p$ | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 8(b) (i) $(x=) 8$ | B1 | Accept embedded answer |

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
12.(a) Any correct total of 2. \\
e.g. \(\quad 3+3+3-7\)
\end{tabular} \& B1 \& B0 if any numbers other than 3 and 7 used. B0 if any operation other than + or - used. e.g. \(3 \times 3\) is not acceptable for \(3+3+3\). Allow multi-digit numbers made from 3 or/and 7 . e.g. \(33,37,373\) etc. \\
\hline 12.(b) Any correct total of 8 . e.g. \(7-3+7-3\) \& B1 \& B0 if any numbers other than 3 and 7 used. B0 if any operation other than + or - used. e.g. \(2 \times 7\) is not acceptable for \(7+7\). Allow multi-digit numbers made from 3 or/and 7 . e.g. 33, 37, 373 etc. \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
12.(c) Any correct total of 19. \\
e.g. \(3+3+3+3+7\)
\end{tabular} \& B1 \& B0 if any numbers other than 3 and 7 used. B0 if any operation other than + or - used. e.g. \(4 \times 3\) is not acceptable for \(3+3+3+3\). Allow multi-digit numbers made from 3 or/and 7 . e.g. 33, 37, 373 etc. \\
\hline 13. \& B1
B1

B2 \& | Allow intent of drawing circles and a rectangle. |
| :--- |
| Two intersecting circles AND labelled A and B AND within a rectangle. |
| Allow missing ' $\varepsilon$ ' symbol. |
| For unambiguous indication that the set $B$ consists of 12, 15 and 18 only. |
| $B 0$ if any of these numbers are repeated outside $B$. |
| All eleven numbers in correct position (with or without a rectangle), with no other or repeated numbers. |
| B1 for six to ten numbers in correct position. Repeated numbers should not be credited. Other numbers may be ignored for this B1 mark. | <br>

\hline 14.(a)(i) $\quad(x=) 147$ \& B1 \& Accept embedded answer. Mark final answer. <br>

\hline $$
\text { 14.(a)(ii) } \begin{aligned}
& \\
& 13 f-6 f=5-2 \\
& 7 f=3 \\
&(f=) 3 / 7
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{B} 1 \\
& \mathrm{~B} 1 \\
& \mathrm{~B} 1
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& | F.T. until $2^{\text {nd }}$ error. |
| :--- |
| If FT leads to a whole number answer, it must be shown as a whole number. Otherwise accept a fraction. |
| Mark final answer. |
| Allow 0.43 or $0.428 \ldots$ as a final answer. | <br>


\hline | 14.(b) ' $5 n-3$ can be even or odd’ ticked or implied AND a valid explanation given. |
| :--- |
| e.g. ' $5 \times 3-3=12$ (even) and $5 \times 4-3=17$ (odd)' |
| 'if n is odd you get even (but) if n is even you get odd' | \& E1 \& | A valid explanation implies |
| :--- |
| ' $5 n-3$ can be even or odd', unless contradicted. |
| Allow e.g. ' $15-3=12,20-3=17$ '. |
| Allow a correct sequence shown e.g. $2,7,12, \ldots$. |
| Do not accept |
| ' $n$ can be anything', ' $n$ can be odd or even'. |
| Do not accept an explanation that only uses 5 n . |
| e.g. ' $5 \times 2=10$ (even), $5 \times 3=15$ (odd)' | <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

| 15. $\begin{aligned} & \text { (Area of the triangle } C D E=\text { ) } 14=\frac{4 \times C E}{2} \\ & \qquad(C E=) 7(\mathrm{~cm}) \\ & \text { (Area ABCE }=7 \times 7=) \quad 49\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{2}\right) \\ & \text { (Area of whole shape }=49+14=) 63\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{2}\right) \end{aligned}$ | M1 <br> A1 <br> B1 <br> B1 | Lengths may be shown on the diagram. Accept equivalent e.g. $28=4 \times$ CE. <br> FT 'their stated or shown length $C E$ '. <br> FT 'their stated or shown area of square' +14 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | M1 <br> A1 <br> M1 <br> A1 | Lengths may be shown on the diagram. <br> FT 'their stated or shown length CE (=CB)' consistently as 'their 7 '. |
| 16. $\begin{gathered} \text { (a =) } \frac{180-110}{2} \quad \text { or equivalent. } \\ =35\left({ }^{\circ}\right) \\ b(=180-90-35)=55\left({ }^{\circ}\right) \\ c(=90+55) \\ \text { OR c }(=180-35) \\ 145\left({ }^{\circ}\right) \\ 145\left({ }^{\circ}\right) \end{gathered}$ | M1 <br> A1 <br> B1 <br> B1 | OR FT 90 - 'their a'. <br> OR FT 90 + 'their b' <br> OR FT 180 - 'their a' |

