## Factors, Multiples, Venn diagram and nth term

The factors of a number are those numbers that divide exactly into it, without leaving a remainder.

Example: the factors of 8 are: 1, 2, 4, and 8, because;

 $1 \times 8 = 8$  and  $2 \times 4 = 8$ 

## Find all the factors of these numbers:

1. 6	2. 12	
3. 8	4. 9	
5. 18	6. 15	
7. 24	8. 23	

A number which only has factors of 1 and itself is called a PRIME NUMBER.

For example the factors of 3 are 1 and 3. There is no other way of multiplying two whole numbers to make 3. 3 is a prime number.

## 9. Write prime numbers between 10 and 40.

You can tell a number is a multiple of **9** if its digits add up to a multiple of E.g. **15 822** is a multiple of **9** because its digits add up to **18**, which is a multiple of **9**.

Put the following numbers into the correct place on Carroll diagramA:

1	2	6	9	25	36	49	54
63	69	81	91	144	101	108	135

	Carroll Diagram A	Multiples of 9	Not Multiples of 9
10.	Even Numbers		
11.	Odd Numbers		

> Put the following numbers into the correct place on Carroll diagramB:

1	2	4	10	18	25	35	36
50	66	81	99	100	111	121	144

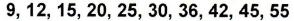
	Carroll Diagram B	Square numbers	Not square number
12.	Even Numbers		
13.	Not Even Numbers		

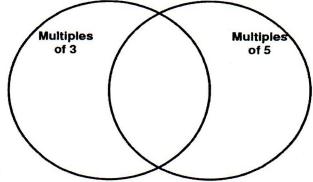
> Put the following numbers into the correct place on Carroll diagramC:

1	2	24	6	60	4	84	3

	Carroll Diagram C	Factors of 12	Multiples of 12
14.	Even Numbers		
15.	Odd Numbers		

16. Put these numbers in the correct places in the Venn Diagram:





17. What can you say about the numbers in the middle section of the Venn Diagram?

18. Complete this sentence: Numbers that are multiples of 3 and multiples of 5 are also multiples of \_\_\_\_\_.

19. Put these numbers in the correct places in the Venn Diagram: 4, 7, 14, 16, 28, 35, 42, 46, 56 Multiples Multiples of 2 of 7 20. What can you say about the numbers in the middle section of the Venn Diagram? 21. Complete this sentence: Numbers that are multiples of 2 and multiples of **7** are also multiples of ... We can use the idea in question 21. in reverse: If a number is a multiple of 14, it is also a multiple of 2 and 7. Now complete these sentences: 22. If a number is a multiple of **35**, it is also a multiple of and . 23. If a number is a multiple of **22**, it is also a multipleof \_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_. 24. If a number is a multiple of **10**, it is also a multiple of and . 25. If a number is a multiple of **21**, it is also a multiple of and . 26. If a number is a multiple of **55**, it is also a multiple of \_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_. 27. If a number is a multiple of **26**, it is also a multiple of and . Write the next three terms in the sequence? 28. **3**, **7**, **15**, **31**, **63**, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_. 29. **5, 15, 45, 135,** \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_.

30. **3**, **5**, **8**, **12**, **17**, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_.

31. **2**, **4**, **8**, **14**, **22**, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_.

32. 5, 10, 20, 35, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_.

33. 1, 3, 6, 10, 15, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_.

34. 3, 6, 12, 24, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_.

35. 6, 7, 10, 15, 22, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_.

36. 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_.

37. 3, 9, 27, 81, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_.

38. 5, 10, 20, 40, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_.

39. 9, 15, 22, 30, 39, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_.

40. **10, 20, 40, 70,** \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_.