## Equation of straight line

Q1. Write down the equations of these lines.
a parallel to $y=4 x-5$ and passes through $(0,1)$ $\qquad$
b parallel to $y=1-2 x+3$ and passes through $(0,-2)$
c parallel to $y=-x+2$ and passes through $(0,3)$
Q2. Find the equation of straight line which is parallel to given line $L$ and passes through the given point $A$

| Parallel To line 'L' | Passes through 'A' | Equation of St. Line |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $y=2+3 x$ | $(2,7)$ |  |
| $3 x+4 y=12$ | $(-5,3)$ |  |
| $5 x-3 y=7$ | $(5,1)$ |  |
| $3 x=2 y-7$ | $(-6,8)$ |  |
| $x+2 y-5=0$ | $(-4,-7)$ |  |

Q3. Write down the equations of these lines.
a perpendicular to $y=3 x+2$ and passes through $(0,-3)$ $\qquad$
b perpendicular to $y=-1 / 3 x-2$ and passes through $(0,4)$ $\qquad$
c perpendicular to $y=x-5$ and passes through $(2,1)$
Q4. Find the equation of straight line which is perpendicular to given line $M$ and passes through the given point $B$

| Perpendicular To line 'L' | Passes through <br> 'B' | Equation of St. Line |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $y=2-5 x$ | $(0,8)$ |  |
| $3 x-5 y=12$ | $(2,-1)$ |  |
| $2 x-3 y=7$ | $(-3,8)$ |  |
| $5 x=2 y-7$ | $(3,-7)$ |  |
| $2 x+2 y-5=0$ | $(-6,-7)$ |  |

Q5. $A$ is the point $(1,5) . B$ is the point $(3,3)$.
a Find the equation of the line parallel to $A B$ and passing through (5, 9).
b Find the equation of the line perpendicular to $A B$ and passing through the midpoint of $A B$.

Q6.Find the equation of the line that passes through the midpoint of $A B$, where $A$ is $(-5,-3)$ and $B$ is $(-1,3)$, and has a gradient of 2 . $\qquad$
Q7. Find the equation of the line perpendicular to $y=4 x-3$, passing though $(-4,3)$.

Q8. $A$ is the point $(0,6), B$ is the point $(5,5)$ and $C$ is the point $(4,0)$. a Write down the point where the line $B C$ intercepts the $y$-axis. $\qquad$
b Work out the equation of the line $A B$. $\qquad$
c Write down the equation of the line $B C$. $\qquad$

Q9. Find the equation of the perpendicular bisector of the points $A(1,2)$ and $B(3$, 6).

Q10. $A$ is the point $(0,4), B$ is the point $(4,6)$ and $C$ is the point $(2,0)$.
a Find the equation of the line $B C$.
b Show that the point of intersection of the perpendicular bisectors of $A B$ and $A C$ is $(3,3)$.
c Show algebraically that this point lies on the line BC.

