Linear graphs and quadratic graphs

1) Draw the graph of y = 3x + 4 for x-values from 0 to 5 ($0 \le x \le 5$).

X	0	1	2	3	4	5
у						

2) Draw the graph of y = 2x - 5 for $0 \le x \le 5$.

X	0	1	2	3	4	5
У						

- 3) Draw the graph of y = -3x + 12 for $0 \le x \le 10$.
- 4) Draw the graph of y = 3x + 5 for $-3 \le x \le 3$.

5) Copy and complete the table for the graph of $y = 3x^2$ for $-3 \le x \le 3$.

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
$y=3x^2$	27		3			12	

6) Copy and complete the table for the graph of $y = x^2 + 2$ for $-5 \le x \le 5$.

x	- 5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
$y=x^2+2$	27		11					6			

7) Copy and complete the table for the graph of $y = x^2 - 3x$ for $-5 \le x \le 5$.

X	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
12	25		9					4			
-3x	15							<u>-6</u>			
y	40							-2			

- **b.** Use your graph to find the value of y when x = 3.5.
- c. Use your graph to find the values of x that give a y-value of 5.
- 8) Copy and complete the table for the graph of $y = x^2 5x + 4$ for $-2 \le x \le 5$.

x	-2	<u>-</u> 1	0	1	2	3	4	5
y	18		4			-2		

- **b.** Use your graph to find the value of y when x = -0.5.
- c. Use your graph to find the values of x that give a y-value of 3.

9) Complete the table of values for $y = x^2 + x - 3$

x	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2
y	9		-1	-3			3

10) On the grid below, draw the graph of $y = x^2 + x - 3$ for values of x from -4 to 2

