

Comparative Degree of Adjectives

The comparative degree of an adjective is used to describe a noun when being compared.

For example: “big” is an adjective and “bigger” is the comparative degree. The adjective “bigger” is being used to compare an object, person or thing to something else.

For example: Anna’s *house* is bigger than Dave’s *house*.

The **noun** being compared is the **house**. The feature being compared is the **size**.

Q. Rewrite the sentences with the comparative degree of the adjectives in the spaces provided.

a. The new school has a (small) playground.

b. The Amazon Forest’s trees are (tall) than the trees in Africa.

c. Safi’s shoes are (tight) than before.

d. The roads in London are (wide).

e. The books in the shop were a lot (old).

f. Chris felt (happy) when he passed his test.

g. The sea is (cold) in the morning.
